CITY OF WINDER

Georgia

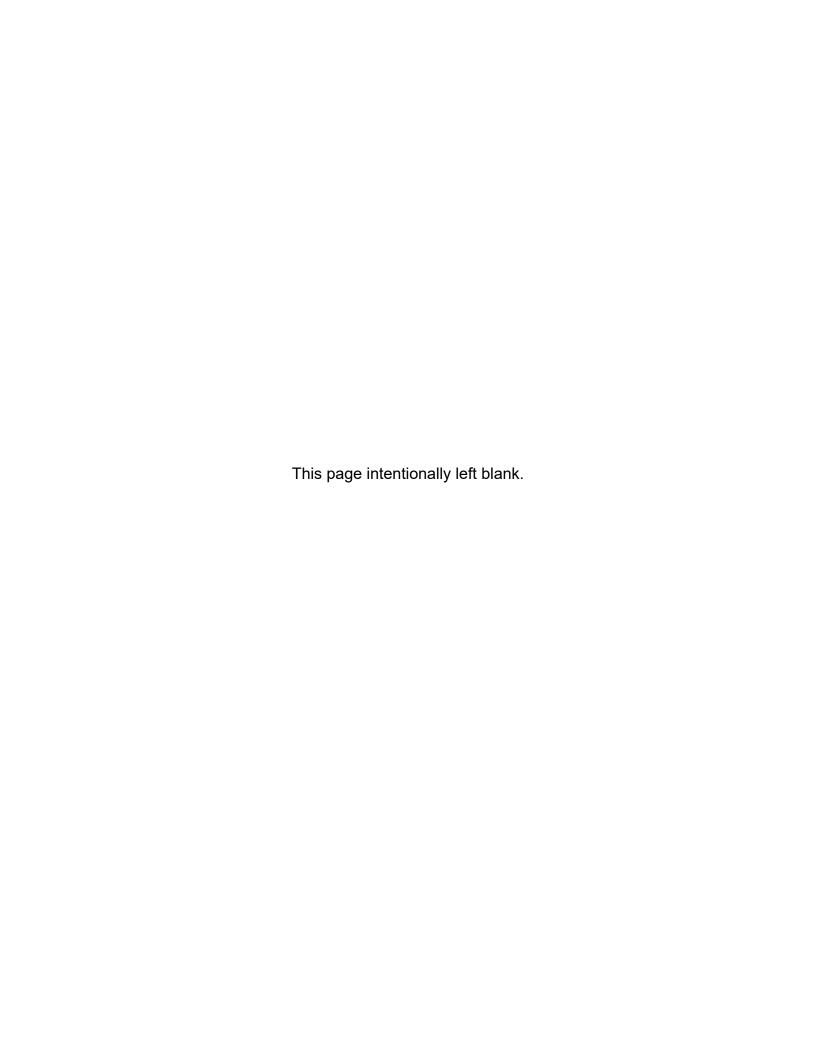


ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA

Annual Financial Report



CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

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Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Winder, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Winder, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Winder, Georgia, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in the financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparison of the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information on pages 3 through 15 and 75 through 86, respectively be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Winder, Georgia's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and the schedule of projects financed with special purpose local option sales tax are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of projects financed with special purpose local option sales tax are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of projects financed with special purpose local option sales tax are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2020, on our consideration of City of Winder, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Winder's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Certified Public Accountants

Rushton & Company, LLC

Gainesville, Georgia December 14, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This discussion and analysis presents the highlights of financial activities and financial position for the City of Winder (City). The analysis focuses on significant financial issues, major financial activities and resulting changes in financial position, budget changes and variances from the budget, and specific issues related to funds and the economic factors affecting the City. Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) focuses on current year activities and resulting changes. Please read it in conjunction with the Transmittal Letter and the City's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Winder's governmental activities and business-type activities exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the current fiscal year by \$117.3 million. Of this amount, \$16.9 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The City's unrestricted cash and cash equivalents at the end of FY 2020 were approximately \$18.2 million, a decrease of \$0.8 million from FY 2019. The decrease is primarily the result of purchases of capital assets.

The primary government's total net position increased by \$12 million during FY 2020, as revenues of \$47.5 million exceeds expenses of \$35.5 million. Governmental activities contributed \$1.7 million and business-type activities contributed \$10.3 million of the overall increase in net position.

At June 30, 2020, the governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4.6 million, a decrease of over \$4.3 million from the prior year. The decrease is primarily due to capital outlay expenditures for the construction of projects during the current fiscal year. Approximately \$823,000 or 17.9% of the ending fund balance is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

General Fund unassigned fund balance at June 30, 2020, was approximately \$823,000, or 5.2% of total fund expenditures.

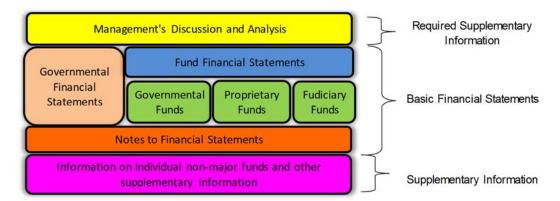
Enterprise (business-type) fund unrestricted net position at June 30, 2020 was \$18.4 million, or 86.6% of total enterprise fund expenses.

The City pays up to 90% of health insurance for the City of Winder's fulltime employees in addition to dental, short term disability, long term disability, and life insurance for the employees. In FY 20, premiums paid by the City were \$1.8 million, which was an increase of approximately 6.4% over FY 2019.

The City had approximately \$30.0 million in revenue bonds, notes, and capital leases outstanding at the end of the current fiscal year, which is a decrease of about \$2.6 million from the prior year. The City's net pension liability increased by approximately \$709,000 from prior year.

Report Layout

The following illustration is provided as a guide for the financial statements:



The Annual Financial Report consists of several sections. Taken together they provide a comprehensive financial look at the City. The components of the report include the following:

- □ Independent Auditor's Report.
- □ Management's Discussion and Analysis. This section of the report provides financial highlights, overview and economic factors affecting the City.
- □ Basic Financial Statements. Includes a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Activities, fund financial statements and the notes to the financial statements. Statements of Net Position and Activities focus on a government-wide presentation using the accrual basis of accounting. They are designed to be more corporate-like in that all activities are consolidated in total for the City.
 - The Statement of Net Position focuses on resources available for future operations. In simple terms, this statement presents a snapshot view of the assets the City owns, the liabilities it owes and the net difference. The net difference is further separated into amounts net investment in capital assets, restricted for specific purposes and unrestricted amounts.
 - The Statement of Activities focuses on gross and net costs of City programs and the extent to which such programs rely upon general tax and other revenues. This statement summarizes and simplifies the user's analysis to determine the extent to which programs are self-supporting and/or subsidized by general revenues.
 - Fund Financial Statements focus separately on the major governmental fund and proprietary funds. Governmental fund statements follow the more traditional presentation of financial statements. The City's major governmental fund is presented in its own column and the eight remaining funds are combined into a column titled "Nonmajor Governmental Funds." Statements for the City's proprietary funds follow the governmental funds and include net position, revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows. There are two major enterprise funds (Water and Sewer Fund and Gas Fund) and four nonmajor enterprise funds which are combined into a column titled "Nonmajor Enterprise Funds".
 - The City has two internal service funds to account for the cost of administration of the solid waste, gas and water utility operations, and City buildings. Costs of the internal service funds are charged to the applicable funds. The combined internal service funds' net position, revenues, expenses, and changes in net position are presented in the proprietary fund statements.

- Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.
- The *Notes to the Basic Financial Statements* provide additional disclosures required by governmental accounting standards and provide information to assist the reader in understanding the City's financial condition.
- □ Required Supplementary Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information about the City's defined benefit pension plan and other post-employment benefits plan.
- □ Other Supplementary Information. Readers desiring additional information on nonmajor funds can find it in the Combining Statements of Nonmajor Funds and/or the Supplementary Information-Budgetary Comparison sections of this report. Components within this section include:
 - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Statements. Major funds are included within the Basic Financial Statements, whereas nonmajor funds are presented here. These statements include combining balance sheets and statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.
 - Budgetary comparison information for nonmajor governmental funds, excluding the Capital Project Funds, and schedules of General Fund revenues and expenditures are presented here.
 - Nonmajor Proprietary Funds Statements. The City has six nonmajor proprietary funds, four of which are enterprise funds and are presented in the combining statements of net position, revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and cash flows.
 - Internal Service Funds Statements. The City has two internal service funds that are presented in the combining statements of net position, revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and cash flows.
 - Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax reports complete the Financial Section of this report.
- □ Report by Independent Certified Public Accountant. Supplemental communication on the City's compliance, internal controls, and other matters.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The government-wide statements report information about the City of Winder as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. In the case of the City of Winder, assets exceeded liabilities by \$117.3 million at the close of Fiscal Year 2020.

The component of net position, which may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors, is unrestricted in the amount of \$16.9 million or 14.4%. Another component of the City's net position is net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding, which comprises \$98.5 million or 84.0%. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens, and consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's net investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position, \$1.9 million or 1.6% represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used and debt service.

Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2020 and 2019

Net Position at Year-End

(in thousands of dollars)

		Governm	nental		Business-Type				Total				
		Activit	ies		Acti	vities		Government					
		2020	2019	:	2020	20	2019		2020		2019		
Cash and Investments	\$	4,596	\$ 9,116	\$	18,009	\$ 1	8,104	\$	22,605	\$	27,220		
Current Assets		1,575	1,378	3	3,641		3,158		5,216		4,536		
Capital Assets		27,354	22,295	5 1	01,217	9	4,063		128,571	•	116,358		
Total Assets		33,525	32,789) 1	22,867	11	5,325		156,392		148,114		
Deferred Outflows of Resources		2,023	978	<u> </u>	826		304		2,849		1,282		
Current Liabilities		2,251	2,515	5	2,266		3,318		4,517		5,833		
Other Liabilities		-			1,323	1,323 1,319		1,323			1,319		
Noncurrent Liabilities		9,926	10,185	5	24,430	25,792			34,356		35,977		
Total Liabilities		12,177	12,700)	28,019	3	0,429		40,196		43,129		
Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,316	773	3	434		235	1,750			1,008		
Net Position:													
Net Investment in Capital Assets		22,172	20,376	6	76,311	6	6,473		98,483		86,849		
Restricted	1,348		954	ļ	540		539	1,888			1,493		
Unrestricted	(1,466)		(1,037	<u>')</u>	18,388 17,953		16,922		16,916				
Total Net Position	\$	22,054	\$ 20,293	3 \$	95,239	\$ 8	4,965	\$ 117,293		\$ 105,258			

Statement of Activities for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

Governmental and Proprietary Activities For Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020 & 2019

(in thousands of dollars)

	Governr	nent	al	Busines	ss-Type	Total				
	Activi	ties		Activ	/ities		Govern	men	t	
	2020		2019	2020	2019		2020		2019	
Revenues										
Program Revenue										
Charges for Services	\$ 877	\$	1,185	\$ 30,637	\$ 31,177	\$	31,514	\$	32,362	
Operating Grants and Contributions	22		15	-	-		22		15	
Capital Grants and Contributions	4,205		1,069	3,114	1,839		7,319		2,908	
General Revenues										
Taxes	8,219		7,871	-	-		8,219		7,871	
Other	330		374	148	98		478		472	
Total Revenues	 13,653		10,514	33,899	33,114		47,552		43,628	
Expenses (Including Indirect Cost)				 					,	
Governmental Activities										
General Government	1,390		1,337	-	-		1,390		1,337	
Judicial	276		286	-	-		276		286	
Public Safety	7,813		7,891	-	-		7,813		7,891	
Public Works	3,307		4,234	-	-		3,307		4,234	
Recreation	9		11	-	-		9		11	
Housing and Development	867		713	-	-		867		713	
Business-Type Activities	-		-	21,855	22,065		21,855		22,065	
Total Expenses	13,662		14,472	21,855	22,065		35,517		36,537	
Excess (Deficiencies) Before										
Transfers	(9)		(3,958)	12,044	11,049		12,035		7,091	
Transfers	 1,770		4,587	 (1,770)	(4,587)		-		-	
Change in Net Position	 1,761		629	 10,274	6,462			5 7,091		
Beginning Net Position (restated)	20,293		19,664	84,965	78,503	•			98,167	
Ending Net Position	\$ 22,054	\$	20,293	\$ 95,239	\$ 84,965	\$	117,293	\$	105,258	

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City of Winder's net position by approximately \$1.76 million. The City's transfers into governmental activities from business-type activities decreased by approximately \$2.82 million from FY 2019 due to a large increase in tax revenue. A comparison of the prior year income and expenses before transfers to the FY 2020 income and expenses before transfers reveals an increase of \$3.5 million. Fire District taxes, sales taxes, and business taxes and other revenue provided 62.6% of the total governmental revenues and covered 62.6% of governmental expenses. Program revenues provided 37.4% of total governmental revenues and covered 37.4% of governmental expenses. Transfers from other funds covered more than the other 13% of governmental expenses resulting in an increase in net position. The City's revenues from governmental activities are impacted by the general economy and local businesses.

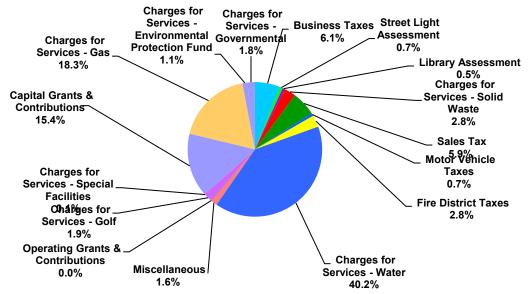
The most significant governmental expense for the City is providing Public Safety services, such as Fire and Police protection, which comprised 50.5% of the total governmental expenses. Revenues collected from a variety of sources offset public safety expenses, with the largest being the Fire District Tax. The second largest cost for the City is Public Works, totaling 21.4% of governmental expenses.

Business-type Activities

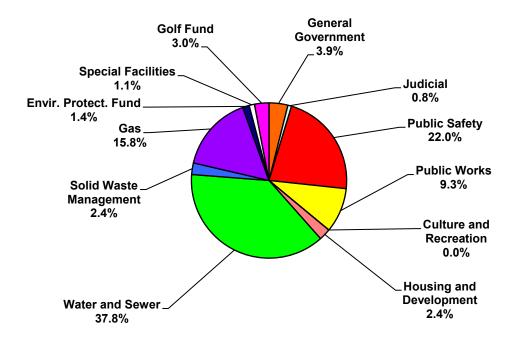
Business-type activities increased the City of Winder's net position by approximately \$10.2 million. The amounts paid by the users of the systems were approximately \$33.9 million while the cost of all business-type activities was \$21.9 million. Additionally, idle cash earned approximately \$102,000.

- The charges for services in the Water Fund increased by approximately \$461,425, which was due in part to additional gallons of water consumed by our citizens. Tap-on fees decreased by approximately \$320,000 due to fewer taps from the prior year being sold. Water expenses increased by approximately \$1.2 million. Water Fund net position increased \$5.3 million.
- In the Gas Fund, charges for services decreased by approximately \$1.0 million and tap-on fees decreased by approximately \$20,000. Gas expenses decreased by approximately \$1.55 million due mostly to a decrease in the cost of sales and service of \$1.50 million. Gas Fund net position increased approximately \$3.1 million.
- In the Solid Waste Fund, charges for services increased approximately \$6,000 and expenses increased by approximately \$61,000. The transfer to the Governmental Funds was \$470,000, an increase of 100% compared to the prior year, as the fund did not transfer out to any other funds in the prior year. The net position decreased by approximately \$1,300.
- The Environmental Protection Fund, revenues decreased by approximately \$19,000. Expenses increased by approximately \$209,000, primarily due to reallocation of salaries to this fund. Transfers from the Governmental Funds decreased by \$180,000. Net position increased by approximately \$360,000.
- Special Facilities Fund revenues decreased by approximately \$19,000 and expenses increased by approximately \$36,000. Transfers from the Governmental Funds increased by \$1.4 million due primarily to a transfer in of capital assets. The fund reported an increase in net position of \$1.38 million.
- Fiscal year 2020 was the sixth full year of City ownership for the Chimneys Golf Course. The Golf Fund's net position increased by approximately \$249,000 after transfers in of \$220,000. Charges for services at the golf course increased by approximately \$61,000. The increase in net position is primarily attributable to the transfers from the Governmental Funds.

REVENUES BY SOURCE - GOVERNMENT-WIDE ACTIVITY



EXPENSES BY FUNCTION – GOVERNMENT-WIDE ACTIVITY



Note: Graph may not equal 100% due to rounding

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

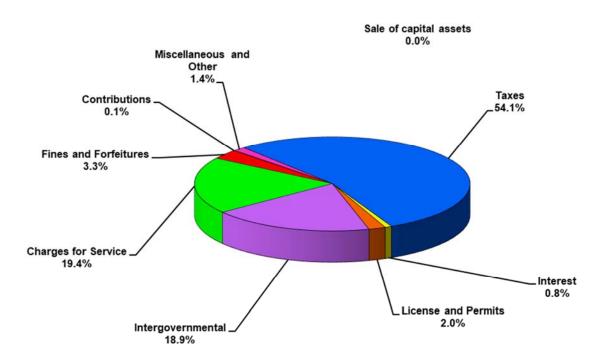
As noted earlier, the City of Winder employs fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements and financial reporting requirements.

Governmental Funds The focus of the City of Winder's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

As of the end of FY 2020, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of approximately \$4.6 million, a decrease of approximately \$4.3 million. The City reported approximately \$823,000 in unassigned fund balance and \$1.1 million in nonspendable fund balance. Nonspendable fund balance is mainly attributable to the General Fund loaning money, through an advance, to the Environmental Protection Fund and the Buildings Fund. The City believes that those funds will repay the General Fund within the next 10 to 20 years. The remainder of fund balance is restricted or committed to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been obligated for other restricted purposes.

As in previous years, the City of Winder levied no property tax (except for fire services) to finance current operations. Therefore, the City's General Fund relied on transfers from the proprietary funds (or business-type activities) to supplement the governmental activities of the City, such as public safety and public works. The transfers from the combined public utility enterprise funds were \$4.5 million.

REVENUES BY SOURCE-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

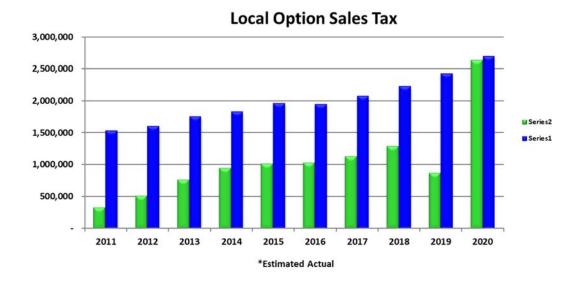


Note: Graph may not equal 100% due to rounding

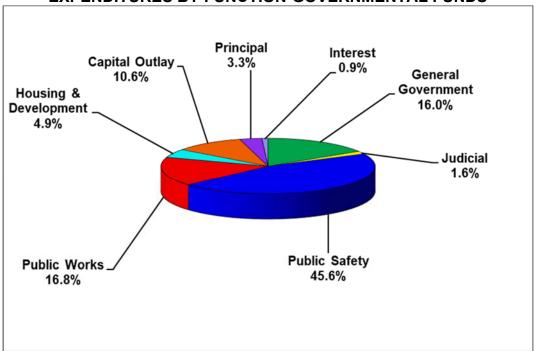
The City's governmental funds operating revenues (excluding indirect cost allocation) increased approximately \$1.9 million from the prior year. Tax collections increased by approximately \$290,000 or 4%. Intergovernmental revenue increased by approximately \$1.77 million or 166%. This large increase is primarily due to the increase in SPLOST revenue. Fiscal year 2020 was the first full year of 2018 SPLOST collections received by the City

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the Special Purpose Local Option Sales Taxes received by the City which is authorized by voter referendum. During FY 2019, the City began receiving 2018 SPLOST revenue. Fiscal year 2020 was the first full year of 2018 SPLOST collections of approximately \$2.6 million.

Shown here is a graph of sales tax revenues received in the past 10 years:







Note: Graph may not equal 100% due to rounding

Expenditures in the governmental funds were \$18.5 million, a 7% increase over the prior year. The City recognized \$1.9 million for capital outlay expenditures and approximately \$791,000 in debt service expenditures. Operating expenditures of the City governmental funds were \$15.8 million, a 6% increase over the prior year.

Proprietary Funds - The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, however in more detail. Operating revenues decreased by approximately \$540,000. The decrease is primarily attributable to the decrease in sales in the gas fund. Total proprietary funds operating expenses decreased by approximately \$33,802 or 1.2% in FY 2020.

Budgetary Highlights

General Fund operating revenues (excluding indirect cost allocation) were approximately \$550,000 more than budgeted. Tax revenues came in over budget by approximately \$825,000. Combined taxes were over budget primarily due to increases in motor vehicles taxes and sales taxes. Miscellaneous revenues were over budget by approximately \$72,000 which was primarily attributable to reimbursement for damaged property.

General Fund expenditures were \$3.1 million less than budgeted. Personnel costs were under budget by approximately \$668,000 contract services expenditures were under budget by approximately \$490,000, supplies expenditures were approximately \$326,000 under budget, and capital outlay was approximately \$1.3 million under budget.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2020, the City has invested \$129 million (net of depreciation) in capital assets reflected in the following table.

Capital Assets At Year-End (Net of Depreciation)

(in thousands of dollars)

	Govern		al	Busines	ре						
	 Activ	vities		 Acti	vities		Totals				
	2020		2019	2020		2019		2020		2019	
Land	\$ 3,206	\$	2,931	\$ 6,750	\$	6,720	\$	9,956	\$	9,651	
Buildings & Improvements	7,154		2,703	9,849		10,161		17,003		12,864	
Plant & System	-		-	76,391		70,774		76,391		70,774	
Infrastructure	13,499		11,702	-		-		13,499		11,702	
Furniture & Equipment	546		690	677		711		1,223		1,401	
Vehicles	1,047		1,036	726		307		1,773		1,343	
Intangibles	24		10	-		-		24		10	
Work In Progress	 1,878		3,223	6,824		5,390		8,702		8,613	
	\$ 27,354	\$	22,295	\$ 101,217	\$	94,063	\$	128,571	\$	116,358	

The following table reconciles the change in capital assets.

Change In Capital Assets

(in thousands of dollars)

			usiness-				
	Gov	ernmental		Type			
	Α	ctivities	A	ctivities	Totals		
Beginning Balance	\$	22,295	\$	94,063	\$	116,358	
Additions		12,059		17,768		29,827	
Reductions		(5,832)		(6,698)		(12,530)	
Depreciation		(1,168)		(3,916)		(5,084)	
Ending Balance	\$ 27,354		\$	101,217	\$	128,571	

Capital asset additions to governmental activities amounted to over \$12 million, which included the donation of the Winder Library building & land by Barrow County, finishing the Plaza at Jackson which included additional parking for downtown, finishing the new Charlie Eberhart Fire Station, purchasing a fire rescue truck, police vehicles, and other equipment, along with additions to new construction in progress. Depreciation decreased total capital assets by about \$1.2 million.

Business-type additions to capital assets amounted to almost \$18 million. The City's Water Fund, along with Barrow County, completed the Auburn Barrow Sewer Project. The Water Fund also finished the upgrade and relocation of water lines for Phase 1 of the Winder Bypass project, continues the relocation and upgrade of water and sewer lines for GDOT projects along Highway 316. The Water Fund purchased two standard trucks and two dump trucks. The Water Fund received a sewer vacuum truck which was purchased with 2012 SPLOST funds, as well as water lines donated by developers. The Gas Fund completed the upgrade and relocation of the infrastructure along the Winder Bypass Phase I & II. The Gas Fund also installed additional gas lines in the Georgia Club and upgraded the lines on North Broad Street. The Gas Fund continues the relocation and upgrade of gas lines for GDOT projects along Highway 316 and the construction of new infrastructure along the Winder Bypass and on Smith Mill Road. SPLOST funds were used to start the construction of the Jug Tavern Park upgrades which was donated to the

Special Facilities Fund. The Golf Fund purchased four new mowers. Depreciation decreased business-type capital assets by \$3.9 million.

Note 8 to the financial statements include more detailed information on capital asset activities.

Debt Outstanding

As of year-end, the City had \$30.3 million in debt outstanding compared to \$32.9 million last year. This includes \$2.6 million due within one year. The following table presents a comparison of debts outstanding:

Debt Outstanding At Year End

(in thousands of dollars)

	To	tals	
	2020		2019
Governmental:	_		_
Capital Leases	\$ 5,620	\$	6,241
Compensated Absences	245		231
Sub-total	5,865		6,472
Business-type:			
Capital Leases	\$ 4,332	\$	4,784
Notes	10,090		10,803
Water and Sew er Bonds	9,985		10,821
Compensated Absences	72		72
Sub-total	24,479		26,480
Total	\$ 30,344	\$	32,952

The large increase in debt was from the City's acquisition of a new capital lease in the governmental activities and continued draws on the on existing capital lease for the utilities facility in the Water Sewer fund.

Notes 9, 10, and 11 to the financial statements include more detailed information on long-term debt activities.

Economic Factors

Funding for the operations of the City comes primarily from: sales taxes, fines and forfeitures, licensing and permitting activities, and utility profits. The City continues to benefit from a strong economy; however, the City stays focused on maintaining operational costs through increasing the effectiveness and efficiency of the City's operations and administration. The City remains quality driven, committed to providing excellent service in a cost-effective and efficient manner guided by and aligned with our core values.

The 2021 budget was developed and adopted to reflect conservative revenue figures, and the following indicators were considered:

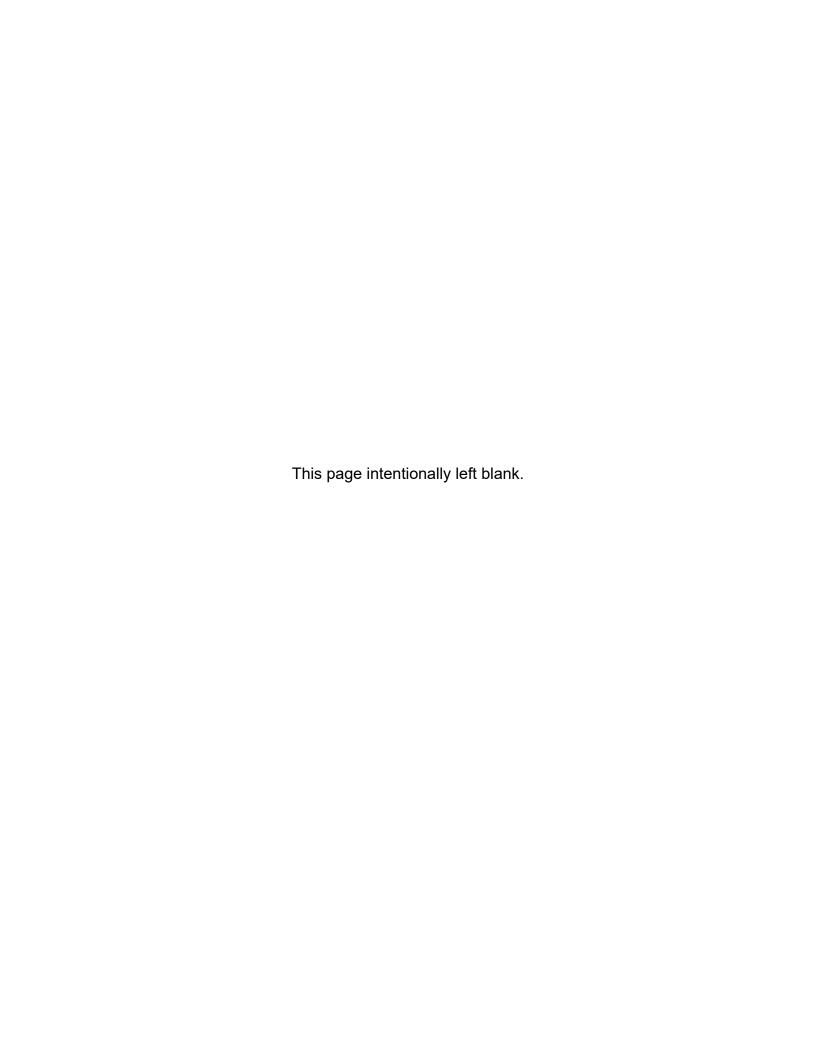
- The City's FY 2020-2021 operating budget decreased by \$696,700, or 1.6%, from the FY 2019-2020 operating budget; and increased by \$1,474,500, or 3.5%, over the FY 2018-2019 operating budget.
- The City will assess each single residential and standard commercial parcel in the City of Winder \$32 to fund the Winder Library. The City will also assess multifamily parcels \$32 per Equivalent Residential Unit. Barrow County will bill and collect this assessment on the property tax bills and will remit the funds back to the City less the collection fee charged by the Barrow County Tax Commissioner. As the funds are received from Tax Commissioner, the City will remit up to \$200,000 to the Winder Library. Amounts received in excess of \$200,000 will be used to maintain the Winder Library building located at 189 Bellview Street.
- The Winder Downtown Development Authority will be funded with \$8,000, which will be accounted for by the City of Winder.
- The Gas Fund is expected to have a 7% decrease primarily due to an expected decrease in billed volumes and a reduction in the cost of the natural gas to be sold compared to FY 2020.
- The Water Fund is estimated to increase by approximately 2% due to increases in expected infrastructure repairs and maintenance.
- The General Fund is expected to increase by approximately 1.7% due to the newly formed Economic Development Department and the increase in contributions to the Library, which is in direct relationship to the increase from the collections of the library assessment fee.
- The Hotel Motel Fund revenues are expected to decrease in FY 2021 due to the COVID pandemic, however, not as much in larger cities that depend on tourism. Because of the major construction projects that are underway, the hotels have been utilized by the many contractors in the area.
- The City of Winder assumes that all capital purchases will be acquired with proceeds from debt or revenues that exceed expenditures.
- In the FY 2020-2021 budget, the overall number of Full Time Equivalents (FTE's) decreased by .25.
- The City's total cost of personal services is 33% of the total operating budget. The FY 2021 budget reflects a 7% increase in insurance and a 3% possible merit raise for the employees after January 1, 2021. The merit raises will only be considered if the economic conditions allow for it.
- In the FY 2021 budget, there are several unfilled positions that are frozen and unfunded. These positions include two Administrative Assistant positions, a Police Captain position, a Customer Service Representative II position, and a part-time Customer Service Representative I position.

The goal of the City is to maintain and improve the City's quality of services while preserving the City's financial position without putting unjust financial burdens on our citizens.

Financial Contact

The City's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors) with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please send your requests to:

Finance Director City of Winder P O Box 566 25 East Midland Avenue Winder, Georgia 30680 770-867-3106





CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

			Prima	ry Government				onent Unit
	Go	vernmental		usiness-type	Development			
			ь	• • •		Total		•
ACCETO		Activities		Activities		Total	A	uthority
ASSETS								
Current assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,315,527	\$	14,883,251	\$	18,198,778	\$	20,352
Investments		0		2,122,772		2,122,772		0
Restricted assets								
Cash and cash equivalents		1,279,984		1,002,606		2,282,590		0
Receivables (net)								
Accounts		21,207		2,995,983		3,017,190		0
Taxes		508,153		0		508,153		0
Intergovernmental		629,006		207,094		836,100		0
Prepaid items		6,167		80,390		86,557		0
Inventories		0		768,746		768,746		0
Internal balances		410,610		(410,610)		0		0
Total current assets		6,170,654		21,650,232		27,820,886		20,352
Noncurrent assets								
Capital assets								
Non-depreciable		5,084,100		13,574,014		18,658,114		0
Depreciable (net)		22,270,228		87,642,570		109,912,798		0
Total noncurrent assets	-	27,354,328		101,216,584		128,570,912		0
Total assets		33,524,982		122,866,816		156,391,798		20,352
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred outflows related to pensions		1,753,772		700,686		2,454,458		0
Deferred outflows related to other post								
employment benefits		268,771		125,117		393,888		0
Total deferred outflows of resources		2,022,543		825,803		2,848,346		0
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities								
Payables								
Accounts		751,926		1,017,661		1,769,587		0
Retainages		309,005		176,703		485,708		0
Sales tax		000,000		14,450		14,450		0
Interest		13,254		0		13,254		Ö
Accrued salaries and payroll liabilities		295,231		124,511		419,742		0
Compensated absences		220,804		64,736		285,540		0
Unearned revenue		0		42,760		42,760		0
Due to others		40,359		0		40,359		0
Other current liabilities		27,196		3,583		30,779		0
Notes payable		0		358,519		358,519		0
Capital lease payable		593,729		463,043		1,056,772		0
Liabilities payable from restricted assets		550,120		.55,515		.,000,112		Ŭ
Customer deposits payable		0		421,468		421,468		0
Interest payable		0		40,540		40,540		0
Bonds payable		0		860,949		860,949		0
Total current liabilities		2,251,504		3,588,923	_	5,840,427		0
i otal oallolit liabilitios		2,201,004		0,000,020	_	0,070,721		

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

			.	ry Government				ponent Unit
	_			_	owntown			
	G	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities		Total		velopment Authority
Noncurrent liabilities								
Compensated absences	\$	24,534	\$	7,192	\$	31,726	\$	0
Notes payable		0		9,731,467		9,731,467		0
Capital lease payable		5,026,214		3,869,325		8,895,539		0
Bonds payable		0		9,124,234		9,124,234		0
Net OPEB liability		321,273		149,559		470,832		0
Net pension liability		4,553,667		1,547,991	_	6,101,658		0
Total noncurrent liabilities		9,925,688		24,429,768		34,355,456		0
Total liabilities		12,177,192		28,018,691		40,195,883		0
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred inflows related to pensions		1,136,962		350,978		1,487,940		0
Deferred inflows related to other post								
employment benefits		179,364		83,497		262,861		0
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,316,326		434,475	_	1,750,801		0
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		22,172,200		76,310,545		98,482,745		0
Restricted for:								
Public Safety		78,788		0		78,788		0
Culture and Recreation		18,254		0		18,254		0
Capital projects		1,250,318		0		1,250,318		0
Debt service		0		540,598		540,598		0
Unrestricted		(1,465,553)		18,388,310		16,922,757		20,352
Total net position	\$	22,054,007	\$	95,239,453	\$	117,293,460	\$	20,352

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

Public								Prog	gram Revenues	5			
Pumary powerment					Indirect		-		. •		-		
Primary government			Expenses		Costs	_	Services	<u> </u>	ontributions		Contributions	_	Revenue
Commental activities													
Ceneral Covernment													
Mulcicial 776.444 0 0 0 0 0 7276.444 0 0 0 7276.443 0		\$	3 037 542	\$	(1.817.358)	\$	161 278	\$	0	\$	0	\$	(1.058.906)
Public Safety 7.13.13.45 0 500,252 21,688 0 (7.291.395) Public Works 3.307.085 0 33.375 1.254,793 1.249,129 Housing and Development 867.267 0 173.076 1.00 0 (694.181) Housing and Development 169.402 0 173.076 0 0 (694.181) Interest on long-torm debt 169.402 0 173.076 0 0 (694.181) Interest on long-torm debt 169.402 0 173.076 0 0 (694.81) Activities 169.402 0 3.173.076 0 3.114.187 (685.82.72) Butter Standard Stan		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	,	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
Public Works							500,252		21,698		0		, ,
Housing and Development 169,402 0 0 173,076 0 0 169,402 Total governmental activities 15,480,245 1,817,358 877,329 21,833 4,205,453 (8,558,272) Business-type activities Water and Sewer 12,319,031 1,093,918 19,092,297 0 3,114,187 8,793,535 Gas 5,153,672 471,902 8,989,734 0 0 3,114,187 8,793,535 Solid Waste Management 784,135 71,137 1,326,815 0 0 0 471,343 Environmental Protection 454,883 40,898 530,487 0 0 0 34,806 Special Facilities 362,638 22,898 67,093 0 0 0 (146,933) Total business-type activities 20,053,961 1,800,611 30,636,863 0 3,114,187 11,896,478 Total primary government 35,534,206 (16,747) 3,1514,192 21,833 7,319,640 3,333,206 Component Unit Co	Public Works		3,307,086		0		39,353				2,950,660		(317,073)
Total governmental activities 15,480,245 1,817,389 877,329 21,833 4,205,453 (8,558,272)	Culture and Recreation		9,169		0		3,370		135		1,254,793		1,249,129
Description	Housing and Development				0		173,076		0		0		(694,181)
Business-type activities Water and Sewer 12,319,031 1,093,918 19,092,297 0 3,114,187 8,793,535 Gas 5,153,672 471,902 8,699,734 0 0 0 3,074,160 Solid Waste Management 784,135 711,137 1,326,615 0 0 0 0 34,806 Special Facilities 362,838 32,888 67,093 0 0 0 0 (328,433) Golf 979,602 899,958 920,627 0 0 0 0 (148,933) Golf 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	_		169,402		0		0		0		0		(169,402)
Business-type activities Water and Sewer 12,319,031 1,909,2197 0 3,114,187 8,793,535 3,037,160 3,074,160	•		15 480 245		(1 817 358)		877 329		21 833		4 205 453		(8 558 272)
Water and Sewer 12,319,031 1,093,918 19,092,297 0 3,114,187 8,793,535 Gas 5,153,672 471,902 8,699,734 0 0 3074,160 Solid Waste Management 794,135 71,137 1,326,615 0 0 347,034 Environmental Protection 454,883 40,808 530,497 0 0 34,805 Golf 979,602 89,958 67,093 0 0 (148,933) Total primary government 35,534,206 (16,747) 31,514,192 21,833 7,319,640 3,338,206 Component Unit 0			10,100,210	_	(1,011,000)		011,020		21,000	_	1,200,100	_	(0,000,212)
Gas 5,153,672 471,902 8,899,734 0 0 3,074,160 Solid Waste Management 784,135 71,137 1,326,615 0 0 34,806 Special Facilities 362,638 32,898 67,093 0 0 (328,433) Golf 979,602 89,958 890,687 0 0 (188,933) Total pusiness-type activities 20,053,961 1,800,611 30,636,863 0 3,114,187 11,896,478 Total primary government 35,534,206 (16,747) 31,514,192 21,833 7,319,640 3,333,206 Component Unit Downtown Development Authority 0 <td< td=""><td>**</td><td></td><td>12 310 031</td><td></td><td>1 003 018</td><td></td><td>10 002 207</td><td></td><td>0</td><td></td><td>3 11/ 187</td><td></td><td>8 703 535</td></td<>	**		12 310 031		1 003 018		10 002 207		0		3 11/ 187		8 703 535
Solid Waste Management 784 135 71,137 1,326,615 0 0 0 347,1343 Environmental Protection 454,883 40,808 530,497 0 0 0 32,806 Special Facilities 362,638 32,888 67,093 0 0 0 (148,933) Total business-type activities 20,053,961 1,800,611 30,636,863 0 3,114,187 11,896,478 Total primary government 35,534,206 (16,747) 31,514,192 21,833 7,319,640 3,338,206													
Priviomental Protection													
Special Facilities 362,638 32,888 67,093 0 0 (328,433) Golf 979,602 89,986 920,627 0 0 0 (148,933) Total business-type activities 20,053,961 1,800,611 30,636,863 0 3,114,187 11,896,478 Total primary government 35,534,206 (16,747) 31,514,192 21,833 7,319,640 3,338,206 Component Unit Downtown Development 0	•										-		
Golf Colf Total business-type activities 979,602 89,958 920,627 0 0 (148,933) Total primary government counties 20,053,961 1,800,611 30,636,863 0 3,114,187 11,896,478 Component Unit Downtown Development Authority 0 </td <td></td>													
Total primary government	Golf		979,602		89,958		920,627		0		0		, ,
Total primary government 35,534,206 (16,747) 31,514,192 21,833 7,319,640 3,338,206 Component Unit Downtown Development Component Component Component Authority 0 0 0 0 0 0 Change in net position Net (expense) revenue **Septembrate **Septembrate General revenues **Taxes Fire district 1,349,168 0 1,349,168 0 Street light assessment 351,051 0 351,051 0 Sales 2,797,384 0 2,797,384 0 Sales 1,7870 0 917,870 0 Franchise 917,870 0 22,797,384 0 Cocupational 231,562 0 1,044,742 0 Insurance premium 1,094,742 0 21,1562 0 Alcoholic beverage 418,695 0 418,695 0 48,695 0 Other 267	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		00.050.004		1 000 011		00 000 000				0.444.407		11 000 170
Component Unit Component Component				_						_			
Downtown Development Authority 0 <th< td=""><td>Total primary government</td><td></td><td>35,534,206</td><td>_</td><td>(16,747)</td><td>_</td><td>31,514,192</td><td></td><td>21,833</td><td>_</td><td>7,319,640</td><td></td><td>3,338,206</td></th<>	Total primary government		35,534,206	_	(16,747)	_	31,514,192		21,833	_	7,319,640		3,338,206
Authority 0													
Change in net position Rectivities Business-Type Activities Total Component Unit Net (expense) revenue \$ (8,558,272) \$ 11,896,478 \$ 3,338,206 \$ 0 Seneral revenues Taxes \$ 1,349,168 0 1,349,168 0 Fire district 1,349,168 0 325,119 0 325,119 0 Street light assessment 351,051 0 351,051 0 0 1,349,168 0 1,349,168 0	· ·		0		0		0		0		0		0
Change in net position Ret (expense) revenue 8 (8.558.272) 8 11.896.478 8 70.338.206 9 0.00 Ceneral revenues Taxes Fire district 1,349,168 0 1,349,168 0 Motor vehicle 325,119 0 325,119 0 Street light assessment 351,051 0 351,051 0 Library assessment 245,676 0 245,676 0 Sales 2,797,384 0 2,797,384 0 Franchise 917,870 0 917,870 0 Occupational 231,562 0 917,870 0 Insurance premium 1,094,742 0 1,094,742 0 Alcoholic beverage 418,695 0 418,695 0 Hotel/Motel 220,384 0 220,384 0 Other 267,719 0 267,719 20,000 Interest 113,037 102,455 215,492 0 Gain	Authority			_	0	_		_			0	_	
Net (expense) revenues (8,558,272) 11,896,478 3,338,206 0 General revenues Taxes Tire district 1,349,168 0 1,349,168 0 Motor vehicle 325,119 0 325,119 0 Street light assessment 351,051 0 351,051 0 Library assessment 245,676 0 245,676 0 Sales 2,797,384 0 2,797,384 0 Franchise 917,870 0 917,870 0 Occupational 231,562 0 231,562 0 Insurance premium 1,094,742 0 1,094,742 0 Alcoholic beverage 418,695 0 418,695 0 Hotel/Motel 220,384 0 220,384 0 Other 267,719 0 267,719 20,000 Interest 113,037 102,455 215,492 0 Quitable 212,786 0 3,805 0 3,805								Ві			Total		•
Taxes Fire district 1,349,168 0 1,349,168 0 Motor vehicle 325,119 0 325,119 0 Street light assessment 351,051 0 351,051 0 Library assessment 245,676 0 245,676 0 Sales 2,797,384 0 2,797,384 0 Franchise 917,870 0 917,870 0 Occupational 231,562 0 231,562 0 Insurance premium 1,094,742 0 1,094,742 0 Alcoholic beverage 418,695 0 418,695 0 Hotel/Motel 220,384 0 220,384 0 Other 267,719 0 267,719 20,000 Interest 113,037 102,455 215,492 0 Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments 0 46,026 46,026 0 Gain on sale of capital assets 3,805 0 3,805 0 0 <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td>(8,558,272)</td> <td>\$</td> <td>11,896,478</td> <td>\$</td> <td>3,338,206</td> <td>\$</td> <td>0</td>	-					\$	(8,558,272)	\$	11,896,478	\$	3,338,206	\$	0
Fire district 1,349,168 0 1,349,168 0 Motor vehicle 325,119 0 325,119 0 Street light assessment 351,051 0 351,051 0 Library assessment 245,676 0 245,676 0 Sales 2,797,384 0 2,797,384 0 Franchise 917,870 0 917,870 0 Occupational 231,562 0 231,562 0 Insurance premium 1,094,742 0 1,094,742 0 Alcoholic beverage 418,695 0 418,695 0 Hotel/Motel 220,384 0 220,384 0 Other 267,719 0 267,719 20,000 Interest 113,037 102,455 215,492 0 Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments 0 46,026 46,026 0 Gain on sale of capital assets 3,805 0 3,805 0 0 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>													
Motor vehicle 325,119 0 325,119 0 Street light assessment 351,051 0 351,051 0 Library assessment 245,676 0 245,676 0 Sales 2,797,384 0 2,797,384 0 Franchise 917,870 0 917,870 0 Occupational 231,562 0 231,562 0 Insurance premium 1,094,742 0 1,094,742 0 Alcoholic beverage 418,695 0 418,695 0 Hotel/Motel 220,384 0 220,384 0 Other 267,719 0 267,719 20,000 Interest 113,037 102,455 215,492 0 Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments 0 46,026 0 Gain on sale of capital assets 3,805 0 3,805 0 Miscellaneous 212,786 0 212,786 0 Total general revenues and transfers							1 349 168		0		1 349 168		0
Street light assessment 351,051 0 351,051 0 Library assessment 245,676 0 245,676 0 Sales 2,797,384 0 2,797,384 0 Franchise 917,870 0 917,870 0 Occupational 231,562 0 231,562 0 Insurance premium 1,094,742 0 1,094,742 0 Alcoholic beverage 418,695 0 418,695 0 Hotel/Motel 220,384 0 220,384 0 Other 267,719 0 267,719 20,000 Interest 113,037 102,455 215,492 0 Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments 0 46,026 46,026 0 Gain on sale of capital assets 3,805 0 3,805 0 Miscellaneous 212,786 0 212,786 0 Total general revenues and transfers 10,319,066 (1,621,587) 8,697,479 20,000													
Sales 2,797,384 0 2,797,384 0 Franchise 917,870 0 917,870 0 Occupational 231,562 0 231,562 0 Insurance premium 1,094,742 0 1,094,742 0 Alcoholic beverage 418,695 0 418,695 0 Hotel/Motel 220,384 0 220,384 0 Other 267,719 0 267,719 20,000 Interest 113,037 102,455 215,492 0 Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments 0 46,026 46,026 0 Gain on sale of capital assets 3,805 0 3,805 0 Miscellaneous 212,786 0 212,786 0 Transfers 1,770,068 (1,770,068) 0 212,786 0 Total general revenues and transfers 10,319,066 (1,621,587) 8,697,479 20,000 Change in net position 1,760,794 10,274,891 12,035,685	Street light assessment								0				0
Franchise 917,870 0 917,870 0 Occupational 231,562 0 231,562 0 Insurance premium 1,094,742 0 1,094,742 0 Alcoholic beverage 418,695 0 418,695 0 Hotel/Motel 220,384 0 220,384 0 Other 267,719 0 267,719 20,000 Interest 113,037 102,455 215,492 0 Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments 0 46,026 46,026 0 Gain on sale of capital assets 3,805 0 3,805 0 Miscellaneous 212,786 0 212,786 0 Transfers 1,770,068 (1,770,068) 0 0 Total general revenues and transfers 10,319,066 (1,621,587) 8,697,479 20,000 Change in net position 1,760,794 10,274,891 12,035,685 20,000 Net position - beginning 20,293,213 84,964,562	Library assessment						245,676		0		245,676		0
Occupational 231,562 0 231,562 0 Insurance premium 1,094,742 0 1,094,742 0 Alcoholic beverage 418,695 0 418,695 0 Hotel/Motel 220,384 0 220,384 0 Other 267,719 0 267,719 20,000 Interest 113,037 102,455 215,492 0 Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments 0 46,026 46,026 0 Gain on sale of capital assets 3,805 0 3,805 0 Miscellaneous 212,786 0 212,786 0 Transfers 1,770,068 (1,770,068) 0 0 Total general revenues and transfers 10,319,066 (1,621,587) 8,697,479 20,000 Change in net position 1,760,794 10,274,891 12,035,685 20,000 Net position - beginning 20,293,213 84,964,562 105,257,775 352	Sales						2,797,384		0		2,797,384		0
Insurance premium 1,094,742 0 1,094,742 0 Alcoholic beverage 418,695 0 418,695 0 Hotel/Motel 220,384 0 220,384 0 Other 267,719 0 267,719 20,000 Interest 113,037 102,455 215,492 0 Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments 0 46,026 46,026 0 Gain on sale of capital assets 3,805 0 3,805 0 Miscellaneous 212,786 0 212,786 0 Transfers 1,770,068 (1,770,068) 0 0 Total general revenues and transfers 10,319,066 (1,621,587) 8,697,479 20,000 Net position - beginning 20,293,213 84,964,562 105,257,775 352													
Alcoholic beverage 418,695 0 418,695 0 Hotel/Motel 220,384 0 220,384 0 Other 267,719 0 267,719 20,000 Interest 113,037 102,455 215,492 0 Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments 0 46,026 46,026 0 Gain on sale of capital assets 3,805 0 3,805 0 Miscellaneous 212,786 0 212,786 0 Transfers 1,770,068 (1,770,068) 0 0 Total general revenues and transfers 10,319,066 (1,621,587) 8,697,479 20,000 Change in net position 1,760,794 10,274,891 12,035,685 20,000 Net position - beginning 20,293,213 84,964,562 105,257,775 352													
Hotel/Motel 220,384 0 220,384 0 Other 267,719 0 267,719 20,000 Interest 113,037 102,455 215,492 0 Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments 0 46,026 46,026 0 Gain on sale of capital assets 3,805 0 3,805 0 Miscellaneous 212,786 0 212,786 0 Transfers 1,770,068 (1,770,068) 0 0 Total general revenues and transfers 10,319,066 (1,621,587) 8,697,479 20,000 Change in net position 1,760,794 10,274,891 12,035,685 20,000 Net position - beginning 20,293,213 84,964,562 105,257,775 352	·								_		, ,		
Other 267,719 0 267,719 20,000 Interest 113,037 102,455 215,492 0 Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments 0 46,026 46,026 0 Gain on sale of capital assets 3,805 0 3,805 0 Miscellaneous 212,786 0 212,786 0 Transfers 1,770,068 (1,770,068) 0 0 Total general revenues and transfers 10,319,066 (1,621,587) 8,697,479 20,000 Change in net position 1,760,794 10,274,891 12,035,685 20,000 Net position - beginning 20,293,213 84,964,562 105,257,775 352	•								-				
Interest 113,037 102,455 215,492 0 Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments 0 46,026 46,026 0 Gain on sale of capital assets 3,805 0 3,805 0 Miscellaneous 212,786 0 212,786 0 Transfers 1,770,068 (1,770,068) 0 0 Total general revenues and transfers 10,319,066 (1,621,587) 8,697,479 20,000 Change in net position 1,760,794 10,274,891 12,035,685 20,000 Net position - beginning 20,293,213 84,964,562 105,257,775 352											,		
Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments 0 46,026 46,026 0 Gain on sale of capital assets 3,805 0 3,805 0 Miscellaneous 212,786 0 212,786 0 Transfers 1,770,068 (1,770,068) 0 0 Total general revenues and transfers 10,319,066 (1,621,587) 8,697,479 20,000 Change in net position 1,760,794 10,274,891 12,035,685 20,000 Net position - beginning 20,293,213 84,964,562 105,257,775 352													
Gain on sale of capital assets 3,805 0 3,805 0 Miscellaneous 212,786 0 212,786 0 Transfers 1,770,068 (1,770,068) 0 0 Total general revenues and transfers 10,319,066 (1,621,587) 8,697,479 20,000 Change in net position 1,760,794 10,274,891 12,035,685 20,000 Net position - beginning 20,293,213 84,964,562 105,257,775 352		fair v	alue of investr	nen	ts								
Miscellaneous 212,786 0 212,786 0 Transfers 1,770,068 (1,770,068) 0 0 Total general revenues and transfers 10,319,066 (1,621,587) 8,697,479 20,000 Change in net position 1,760,794 10,274,891 12,035,685 20,000 Net position - beginning 20,293,213 84,964,562 105,257,775 352	, ,												
Total general revenues and transfers 10,319,066 (1,621,587) 8,697,479 20,000 Change in net position 1,760,794 10,274,891 12,035,685 20,000 Net position - beginning 20,293,213 84,964,562 105,257,775 352	Miscellaneous						212,786		0		212,786		0
Change in net position 1,760,794 10,274,891 12,035,685 20,000 Net position - beginning 20,293,213 84,964,562 105,257,775 352	Transfers						1,770,068		(1,770,068)		0		0
Net position - beginning 20,293,213 84,964,562 105,257,775 352	Total general revenues and tra	ansfe	ers			_	10,319,066		(1,621,587)		8,697,479	_	20,000
	Change in net position						1,760,794		10,274,891		12,035,685		20,000
Net position - ending \$ 22,054,007 \$ 95,239,453 \$ 117,293,460 \$ 20,352	Net position - beginning						20,293,213	_	84,964,562		105,257,775	_	352
	Net position - ending					\$	22,054,007	\$	95,239,453	\$	117,293,460	\$	20,352

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2020

		General		SPLOST 2018		Nonmajor overnmental Funds		Totals
ASSETS	Φ.	4 044 205		270	Φ.	4 007 000	Φ.	2 700 522
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,011,365 0		270 1,279,984	\$	1,697,888 0	\$	2,709,523 1,279,984
Receivables (net)		O		1,279,904		O		1,279,904
Accounts		21,207		0		0		21,207
Taxes		489,971		0		18,182		508,153
Intergovernmental		43,166		585,840		0		629,006
Advances to other funds		1,136,153		0		0		1,136,153
Total assets	\$	2,701,862	\$	1,866,094	\$	1,716,070	\$	6,284,026
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	227,892		481,488	\$	31,050	\$	740,430
Retainage payable	•	0		309,005	*	0	•	309,005
Accrued salaries and payroll liabilities		295,231		0		0		295,231
Due to others		0		0		40,359		40,359
Other liabilities		27,196		0		0		27,196
Total liabilities		550,319		790,493		71,409		1,412,221
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - taxes		177,516		100,437		0		277,953
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable:								
Advances to other funds		1,136,153		0		0		1,136,153
Restricted		15,281		975,164		1,636,899		2,627,344
Assigned		0		0		7,762		7,762
Unassigned		822,593		0		0		822,593
Total fund balances		1,974,027		975,164		1,644,661		4,593,852
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	Φ.	0.704.000	Φ.	4 000 004	Φ.	4 740 070	Φ.	0.004.000
resources, and fund balances	\$	2,701,862	\$	1,866,094	\$	1,716,070	\$	6,284,026

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

Total fund balance - total governmental funds			\$ 4,593,852
Some assets are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in These are:	the fund	ls.	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation			27,354,328
Long-term assets (receivables) are not available to pay current period expeare unavilable in the funds.	nditures	and; therefore,	277,953
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are r These are:	not repor	ted in the funds.	
Compensated absences	\$	(245,338)	
Interest payable		(13,254)	
Capital leases payable		(5,619,943)	
Net pension liability		(4,553,667)	
Net OPEB liability		(321,273)	(10,753,475)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and other			
post employment benefits are applicable to future periods			
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These are:			
Deferred outflows of resources:			
Deferred outflows related to pensions	\$	1,753,772	
Deferred outflows related to other post employment benefits		268,771	
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Deferred inflows related to pensions		(1,136,962)	
Deferred inflows related to other post employment benefits		(179,364)	706,217
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certa building maintenance costs and other costs to individual funds. Assets a internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the stater	nd liabili	ties of the	
Internal service funds net position	\$	8,499,606	
Less capital assets included above		(8,624,474)	 (124,868)
Net position of governmental activities			\$ 22,054,007

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	General	SPLOST 2018	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
REVENUES		•		
Taxes	\$ 7,908,568	\$ 0	\$ 220,384	\$ 8,128,952
Licenses and permits	298,680	0	0	298,680
Fines, fees and forfeitures	444,154	0	45,088	489,242
Charges for services	2,916,027	0	3,371	2,919,398
Intergovernmental	0	2,629,005	216,357	2,845,362
Interest	113,037	3,165	1,696	117,898
Contributions	21,698	0	135	21,833
Other	212,786	0	0	212,786
Total revenues	11,914,950	2,632,170	487,031	15,034,151
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General Government	2,971,501	0	0	2,971,501
Judicial	304,020	0	0	304,020
Public Safety	8,386,661	0	58,543	8,445,204
Public Works	3,114,670	0	0	3,114,670
Culture and Recreation	0	0	15,229	15,229
Housing and Development	845,705	0	64,895	910,600
Capital outlay	0	1,837,233	130,833	1,968,066
Debt service	56,252	734,329	0	790,581
Total expenditures	15,678,809	2,571,562	269,500	18,519,871
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(3,763,859)	60,608	217,531	(3,485,720)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	4,562,793	609,366	188,224	5,360,383
Transfers out	(1,402,590)	(4,185,747)	(547,441)	(6,135,778)
Sale of capital assets	3,805	0		3,805
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,164,008	(3,576,381)	(359,217)	(771,590)
Net change in fund balance	(599,851)	(3,515,773)	(141,686)	(4,257,310)
Fund balances, July 1	2,573,878	4,490,937	1,786,347	8,851,162
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 1,974,027	\$ 975,164	\$ 1,644,661	\$ 4,593,852

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ (4,257,310)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are di	fferent	because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the street the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and redepreciation expense.			
Capital outlays Depreciation	\$	5,018,863 (1,168,350)	3,850,513
In the statement of activities, the loss on the disposal of capital assets is repo in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources.	rted, w	hereas	
Cost of assets disposed Related accumulated depreciation	\$	(128,751) 54,773	(73,978)
Contributions of capital assets increase net position in the statement of activit in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources	ies, but	t do not appear	
Individual contributors			1,269,793
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial re in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources.	source	s are not	190,855
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee is reported as pension expense.		outions	
Pension contributions Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions	\$	818,468 (737,787)	80,681
Other post employment benefits are reported in the statement of activities, but the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expergovernmental funds.		•	
OPEB contributions Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions	\$	85,531 (43,494)	42,037
The proceeds of debt issuance provide current financial resources to governous issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of position. Reprincipal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reliabilities in the statement of net position. In addition, interest on long-term in the governmental funds until due, but is recognized in the statement of a	oaymer duces debt is	nt of debt long-term not recognized	
Net change in interest payable Debt repayments	\$	1,027 620,152	621,179
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	of curre	ent financial	
Change in compensated absences			(14,422)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain management and vehicle maintenance, to individual funds. Net revenue (eservice funds is reported with governmental activities.			
Change in net position of internal service funds Subtract capital contribution included above Subtract capital outlay included above	\$	3,800,256 (1,254,793) (2,577,277)	
Add depreciation expense included above		83,260	 51,446
Change in net position for the governmental activities			\$ 1,760,794

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL

	Bu	dget		Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes				
Motor vehicle	\$ 460,800	\$ 460,800	\$ 325,119	\$ (135,681)
Intangible	140,000	140,000	209,183	69,183
Franchise	889,400	889,400	917,870	28,470
Local option	2,300,000	2,300,000	2,694,601	394,601
Fire district	1,299,900	1,299,900	1,365,750	65,850
Street lighting assessment	326,500	326,500	349,578	23,078
Library assessment	200,000	200,000	242,932	42,932
Excise	453,400	453,400	477,230	23,830
Occupational	240,000	240,000	231,562	(8,438)
Insurance premium	1,030,000	1,030,000	1,094,743	64,743
Total taxes	7,340,000	7,340,000	7,908,568	568,568
Licenses and permits				
Alcohol licenses	100,000	100,000	107,884	7,884
Building permits	181,000	181,000	173,076	(7,924)
Other permits	16,600	16,600	17,720	1,120
Total licenses and permits	297,600	297,600	298,680	1,080
Fines, fees and forfeitures	620,800	620,800	444,154	(176,646)
Charges for services				(****,****)
Indirect cost allocation	3,718,900	3,718,900	2,849,711	(869,189)
Other	72,400	72,400	66,316	(6,084)
Total charges for services	3,791,300	3,791,300	2,916,027	(875,273)
Interest	200,000	200,000	113,037	(86,963)
Contributions	0	0	21,698	21,698
Other			21,000	21,000
Rents	92,400	92,400	91,481	(919)
Other	0	0	121,305	121,305
Total other	92,400	92,400	212,786	120,386
Total revenues	12,342,100	12,342,100	11,914,950	(427,150)
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General Government				
Legislative	630,200	630,200	584,663	45,537
General Administration	1,181,800	1,173,600	904,596	269,004
Finance	761,700	761,700	642,995	118,705
Information Technology	762,300	762,300	640,367	121,933
Human Resources	220,400	220,400	183,491	36,909
General Administrative Fees	13,800	15,400	15,389	11
Total General Government	3,570,200	3,563,600	2,971,501	592,099
Judicial				
Municipal Court	238,900	238,900	194,185	44,715
Probation	103,700	109,900	109,835	65
Total Judicial	342,600	348,800	304,020	44,780
Public Safety				
Police	5,408,400	5,402,200	4,507,324	894,876
Fire	3,915,300	3,915,300	3,879,337	35,963
Total Public Safety	9,323,700	9,317,500	8,386,661	930,839
Public Works	3,108,100	3,114,700	3,114,670	30

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL

		Bue				Variance with Final			
	Original Final					Actual	Budget		
EXPENDITURES	-								
Housing and Development									
Planning and Zoning	\$	586,100	\$	558,314	\$	452,644	\$	105,670	
Code Enforcement		218,200		218,200		169,645		48,555	
GIS		220,100		220,100		195,633		24,467	
Economic Development		0		27,786		27,783		3	
Total Housing and Development		1,024,400		1,024,400		845,705		178,695	
Debt Service								'	
Principal		50,000		50,000		49,571		429	
Interest		7,000		7,000		6,681		319	
Total Debt Service		57,000		57,000		56,252		748	
Total expenditures		17,426,000	_	17,426,000		15,678,809		1,747,191	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(5,083,900)	_	(5,083,900)		(3,763,859)		1,320,041	
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in (out)									
Transfers in		5,683,100		4,591,593		4,562,793		(28,800)	
Transfers out		(997,800)		(1,402,591)		(1,402,590)		1	
Proceeds from issuance of long term debt		398,600		398,600		0		(398,600)	
Sale of capital assets		0		0		3,805		3,805	
Total other financing sources (uses)		5,083,900		3,587,602		3,164,008		(423,594)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other									
financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses		0		(1,496,298)		(599,851)		896,447	
•				,		, ,		,	
Fund balances, July 1		0	_	1,496,298		2,573,878		1,077,580	
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,974,027	\$	1,974,027	

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities						
	Water		Nonmajor Enterprise		Internal Service		
ASSETS	and Sewer	Gas	Funds	Totals	Funds		
Current assets	* 44.40 7 .400		A 000 40 7	A 44.744.000	. 744.057		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,137,469	\$ 692	\$ 606,137	\$ 14,744,298	\$ 744,957		
Investments	2,122,772	0	0	2,122,772	0		
Restricted assets	202 572	100.000		4 000 000			
Cash and cash equivalents	863,576	139,030	0	1,002,606	0		
Accounts receivable (net)	2,228,891	525,701	241,391	2,995,983	0		
Intergovernmental receivable	0	207,094	0	207,094	0		
Inventories	429,555	299,684	39,507	768,746	0		
Prepaid items	64,794	7,196	0	71,990	14,567		
Total current assets	19,847,057	1,179,397	887,035	21,913,489	759,524		
Noncurrent assets							
Advances to other funds	460,000	0	0	460,000	0		
Capital assets							
Non-depreciable	6,756,850	3,366,178	3,450,986	13,574,014	1,977,189		
Depreciable (net)	77,927,393	4,001,676	5,708,134	87,637,203	6,652,652		
Total noncurrent assets	85,144,243	7,367,854	9,159,120	101,671,217	8,629,841		
Total assets	104,991,300	8,547,251	10,046,155	123,584,706	9,389,365		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred outflows related to pensions	455,559	188,460	19,104	663,123	37,563		
Deferred outflows related to other post							
employment benefits	59,083	25,487	19,694	104,264	20,853		
Total deferred outflows of resources	514,642	213,947	38,798	767,387	58,416		
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities							
Payables							
Accounts	368,069	464,144	150,605	982,818	46,339		
Retainages	0	176,703	0	176,703	0		
Sales tax	0	14,450	0	14,450	0		
Accrued salaries	50,786	24,129	32,266	107,181	17,330		
Compensated absences	26,309	17,487	13,206	57,002	7,734		
Unearned revenue	0	0	42,760	42,760	0		
Other current liabilities	0	3,583	0	3,583			
Advances from other funds	0	0	156,870	156,870	22,887		
Capital leases payable	463,043	0	0	463,043	0		
Notes payable	358,519	0	0	358,519	0		
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:							
Interest	40,540	0	0	40,540	0		
Customer deposits payable	282,438	139,030	0	421,468	0		
Bonds payable	860,949	0	0	860,949	0		
Total current liabilities	2,450,653	839,526	395,707	3,685,886	94,290		

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities								ı	Nonmajor
	Nonmajor									Internal
		Water	Enterprise							Service
		and Sewer		Gas		Funds		Totals		Funds
Noncurrent liabilities										
Net pension liability	\$	956,130	\$	455,184	\$	45,762	\$	1,457,076	\$	90,915
Net OPEB liability		70,625		30,466		23,542		124,633		24,926
Compensated absences		2,923		1,943		1,467		6,333		859
Advances from other funds		0		0		713,740		713,740		702,656
Capital leases payable		3,869,325		0		0		3,869,325		0
Notes payable		9,731,467		0		0		9,731,467		0
Bonds payable		9,124,234		0		0		9,124,234		0
Total noncurrent liabilities		23,754,704	_	487,593	_	784,511	_	25,026,808	_	819,356
Total liabilities		26,205,357	_	1,327,119		1,180,218		28,712,694		913,646
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred inflows related to pensions		216,785		103,204		10,376		330,365		20,613
Deferred inflows related to other post		,		,		•		,		,
employment benefits		39,429		17,009	_	13,143		69,581		13,916
Total deferred inflows of resources		256,214	_	120,213		23,519	_	399,946	_	34,529
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets		60,192,407		6,998,651		9,114,120		76,305,178		8,616,389
Restricted for debt service		540,598		0		0		540,598		0
Unrestricted		18,311,366	_	315,215		(232,904)		18,393,677	_	(116,783)
Total net position	\$	79,044,371	\$	7,313,866	\$	8,881,216	\$	95,239,453	\$	8,499,606

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

		Nonmajor			
			Nonmajor		Internal
	Water			Service	
	and Sewer	Gas	Funds	Totals	Funds
OPERATING REVENUES	¢ 40.005.053	ф 9,600,666	ф 0.042.E22	ф 20 EGO 2E4	Ф 4 <u>604 00</u> 5
Charges for sales and services Other	\$ 19,025,053 67,244	\$ 8,699,666 68	\$ 2,843,532 1,300	\$ 30,568,251 68,612	\$ 1,524,805 0
Other	07,244		1,300	00,012	
Total operating revenues	19,092,297	8,699,734	2,844,832	30,636,863	1,524,805
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Costs of sales and services	7,887,519	4,751,649	1,791,263	14,430,431	896,091
Personal services	1,473,220	682,307	742,416	2,897,943	540,854
Depreciation	3,437,836	191,618	282,370	3,911,824	87,860
Total operating expenses	12,798,575	5,625,574	2,816,049	21,240,198	1,524,805
Operating income (loss)	6,293,722	3,074,160	28,783	9,396,665	0
Non-operating revenues (expenses)					
Interest revenue	102,419	36	0	102,455	0
Interest expense	(613,557)	0	0	(613,557)	0
Net increase (decrease) in the fair					
value of investments	46,026	0	0	46,026	0
Gain (loss) on the sale of capital assets	(817)	0	0	(817)	0
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(465,929)	36	0	(465,893)	0
Net income (loss) before capital contributions					
and transfers	5,827,793	3,074,196	28,783	8,930,772	0
Capital contributions	3,114,187	0	0	3,114,187	1,254,793
Net income (loss) before transfers	8,941,980	3,074,196	28,783	12,044,959	1,254,793
rtot moomo (1888) bolero transiero	0,011,000	0,07 1,100	20,100	12,011,000	1,201,100
Transfers in (out)					
Transfers in	392,452	60,000	2,247,480	2,699,932	2,545,463
Transfers out	(4,000,000)	0	(470,000)	(4,470,000)	0
Total transfers in (out)	(3,607,548)	60,000	1,777,480	(1,770,068)	2,545,463
Change in net position	5,334,432	3,134,196	1,806,263	10,274,891	3,800,256
Net position, July 1	73,709,939	4,179,670	7,074,953	84,964,562	4,699,350
Net position, June 30	\$ 79,044,371	\$ 7,313,866	\$ 8,881,216	\$ 95,239,453	\$ 8,499,606

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-Type Activities							Nonmajor	
		Water and Sewer		Gas		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Totals		Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers Receipts from interfund services provided	\$	18,892,330 0	\$	8,491,648 0	\$	2,802,298 0	\$ 30,186,276 0	\$	0 1,524,805
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees		(7,885,583) (1,453,975)		(4,779,623) (686,044)		(1,798,504) (736,516)	(14,463,710) (2,876,535)		(907,542) (545,538)
Other receipts		67,244	_	68		1,300	 68,612		0
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		9,620,016		3,026,049	_	268,578	12,914,643	_	71,725
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:									
Receipts from other funds		412,452		60,000		2,247,480	2,719,932		0
Payments to other funds		(4,000,000)		0		(626,871)	 (4,626,871)		(22,886)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities		(3,587,548)		60,000		1,620,609	(1,906,939)		(22,886)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:									
Proceeds from the sales of capital assets		2,781		0		0	2,781		0
Receipts from other funds		0		0		0	0		2,545,463
Payment of capital related accounts payable		(890,083)		(291,481)		0	(1,181,564)		0
Acquisition of capital assets		(1,801,104)		(3,617,920)		(2,041,507)	(7,460,531)		(2,577,277)
Interest paid		(691,887)		0		0	(691,887)		0
Principal payments - bonds		(760,000)		0		0	(760,000)		0
Principal payments - capital lease payable		(451,721)		0		0	(451,721)		0
Principal payments - notes payable		(712,694)	_	0	_	0	 (712,694)		0
Net cash provided (used) by capital and									
related financing activities		(5,304,708)		(3,909,401)		(2,041,507)	 (11,255,616)		(31,814)
Cash flows from investing activities:									
Interest received		102,419		36		0	102,455		0
Purchases of investments		(26,063)		0		0	 (26,063)		0
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		76,356		36	_	0	76,392		0
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivaler	nts	804,116		(823,316)		(152,320)	(171,520)		17,025
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1		14,196,929	_	963,038	_	758,457	15,918,424	_	727,932
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	15,001,045	\$	139,722	\$	606,137	\$ 15,746,904	\$	744,957

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities									Nonmajor	
	Water Enter				Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Totals		Internal Service Funds		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by											
operating activities:			_		_		_				
Operating income (loss)	\$	6,293,722	\$	3,074,160	\$	28,783	\$	9,396,665	\$	0	
Adjustments to reconcile operating											
income (loss) to net cash provided (used)											
by operating activities:											
Depreciation expense		3,437,836		191,618		282,370		3,911,824		87,860	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(121,300)		3,523		(33,025)		(150,802)		0	
(Increase) decrease in intergovernmental receivable) o		(207,094)) o		(207,094)		0	
(Increase) decrease in prepaids items		4,560		736		0		5,296		(6,167)	
(Increase) decrease in inventories		9,014		(3,119)		(140)		5,755		(0,107)	
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows		3,014		(5,115)		(140)		3,733		· ·	
of resources		(338,374)		(123,185)		(26,088)		(487,647)		(33,929)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(11,638)		(26,915)		(7,101)		(45,654)		(5,284)	
Increase (decrease) in other unearned revenue		0		(==,===)		(8,209)		(8,209)		0	
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries		14,381		4,248		753		19,382		(281)	
Increase (decrease) in sales tax payable		0		1,324		0		1,324		0	
Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities		0		3,583		0		3,583		0	
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		224.082		69.896		7.233		301,211		13.857	
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability		(1,830)		(1,414)		9,051		5,807		(1,158)	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows		(1,000)		(1,717)		3,031		3,007		(1,130)	
of resources		118,436		48,550		14,813		181.799		17,513	
Increase (decrease) in		110,400		40,000		14,010		101,733		17,515	
compensated absences		2,550		(1,832)		138		856		(686)	
Increase (decrease) in		2,330		(1,002)		130		000		(000)	
customer deposits payable		(11,423)		(8,030)		0		(19,453)		0	
Total adjustments		3,326,294		(48,111)	_	239,795		3,517,978		71,725	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	9,620,016	\$	3,026,049	\$	268,578	\$	12,914,643	\$	71,725	
Cash reconciliation:											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,137,469	\$	692	\$	606,137	\$	14,744,298	\$	744,957	
Restricted assets	•	, - ,			•	,	•	, , , , , , ,	•	,	
Cash and cash equivalents		863,576		139,030		0		1,002,606		0	
·	_	<u> </u>	_		_		_		_		
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,001,045	\$	139,722	\$	606,137	\$	15,746,904	\$	744,957	

Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:

The net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments totaled \$46,026. Acquisition of capital assets through accounts payable totaled \$335,249. Acquisition of capital assets through retainage payable totaled \$176,703. Contributions of capital assets from individuals totaled \$3,114,187.

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA MUNICIPAL COURT CUSTODIAL FUND STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2020

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable (net)	\$ 58,576 276,643
Total assets	335,219
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	58,576
NET POSITION Restricted for judicial	\$ 276,643

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA MUNICIPAL COURT CUSTODIAL FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

ADDITIONS Fines and forfeitures collected for other governments	\$ 263,144
DEDUCTIONS Distributions of fines and forfeitures to other governments	259,196
Change in net position	3,948
Net position, July 1	272,695
Net position, June 30	\$ 276,643

1. Description of Government Unit

The City of Winder, incorporated in 1894, operates under a Mayor-Council form of government. The City provides a full range of services. The services include police and fire protection; natural gas; water; sanitary water; solid waste disposal; golf course; cultural and recreation activities; planning and zoning; economic development; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets, sidewalks, and stormwater infrastructure.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business- type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

B. Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted account principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City of Winder, Georgia (the primary government) and any component units. A component unit is a legally separate organization for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. In addition, a component unit can be another organization for which the nature and significance of its relationship with a primary government is such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The component unit discussed below is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operation and financial relationship with the City. In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, as set forth in State of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 61 "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and 34," the City's relationships with other governments and agencies have

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Reporting Entity, continued

been examined. The financial statements of the component unit have been included as a discretely presented component unit.

The City presents in the accompanying financial statements those entities that comprise the primary government along with its component unit, an entity for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. At fiscal year end, the City's reporting entity consists of the City of Winder, Georgia and the Downtown Development Authority, Winder, Georgia (a component unit). The discretely presented component unit is reporting in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

Downtown Development Authority

The Downtown Development Authority ('Authority") solely serves the City and is controlled and managed by a board of seven members appointed by the Mayor and council of the City. The purpose of the Authority is to foster the revitalization and redevelopment of Winder's Central Business District by facilitating projects that will promote trade, commerce, industry, and employment opportunities. Upon dissolution, the assets of the Authority would revert to the City. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

C. Basis of Presentation – Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As discussed earlier, the government has one discretely presented component unit. While the Downtown Development Authority is not considered to be a major component unit, it is nevertheless shown in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general operating fund of the City is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

SPLOST 2018 Fund – This fund is used to account for long-term projects financed by the passage of the 2018 special purpose local option sales tax.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water and Sewer Fund - This fund is used to account for operations of the water and sewer systems of the City. The system supplies water and sewer service to residents and commercial users in the City and County.

Gas Fund - This fund is used to account for the distribution and sale of natural gas in the City as well as the counties of Barrow, Walton, and Oconee.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>D.</u> Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements, continued

Governmental Fund Types

Special Revenue Funds - These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or donor restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Capital Projects Funds - These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities (other than those financed by the proprietary funds).

Proprietary Fund Types

Enterprise Funds - These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The funds are self-supporting in nature where the costs, including depreciation, of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Internal Service Funds – These funds are used to account for goods and services provided by one department to other departments or funds on a cost reimbursement basis. The City's internal service funds are used to account for utility services provided and building maintenance costs.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Custodial Funds – Custodial Funds are fiduciary in nature and do not have a measurement focus. Custodial Funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that are collected and disbursed by the City of behalf of parties outside the government. The City has a custodial fund to account for the activity of the Municipal Court.

Component Units

The Winder Downtown Development Authority is accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus and uses the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements, continued

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. Certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting, continued

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end).

Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

F. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Certain indirect costs have been included as part of program expenses reported for the various functional activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water and Sewer and Solid Waste Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal services funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

G. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City Council adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental fund types, prior to July 1, except for the Capital Projects Funds. The Capital Projects Funds are budgeted by the City Council when capital projects are approved. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The budget is legally enacted by the passage of a resolution.

During May of each year, the Mayor submits a proposed operating budget to the City Council for the fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the resources to finance them. Public hearings are conducted during this time to obtain citizen comments. Prior to July 1, the Mayor presents the final budget to the City Council to be legally enacted through the budget resolution.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

G. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting, continued

The level of legal budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations) is the department level. The budget officer is permitted to transfer appropriations within a department. All operating budget transfers between functions and subsequent budgetary amendments must be approved by City Council. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. Significant departures must be in excess of \$75,000 and 4.00% of the budgeted amount within each department.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) at the legal level of budgetary control, which is the department level. Expenditures may not exceed the appropriations within a fund. Budgets, as reported in the financial statements, are as originally passed by ordinance and subsequently amended. During the year, several supplementary appropriations are made as needed. The results are increases and decreases to the appropriations within the funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end. The City does not use the encumbrance system of accounting.

H. Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents, as reported in the statement of cash flows, includes amounts in demand deposits, amounts with fiscal agents and investments with an original maturity at three months or less. Investments are reported at fair value, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, with accrued interest shown under a separate caption on the balance sheet.

The City measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

I. Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable represents local option sales taxes, fire taxes, street lighting assessment taxes, library assessment taxes, and hotel/motel taxes. The fire tax is the only property tax that the City levies on real and personal property. An amount equal to the difference between year-end taxes receivable collected within sixty days after year end and the total year-end collectable taxes receivable has been recorded as deferred inflows of resources.

J. Intergovernmental Receivables

Receivables for state and federal grants are recorded as revenue for the period of the allocation or as earned based on expenditures made for which reimbursement is due.

K. Inventories

Inventories of the proprietary funds are valued at cost on the first-in, first-out method.

L. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond current fiscal year are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items in the governmental funds are accounted for using the consumption method.

M. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (i.e., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

M. Capital Assets, continued

GASB Statement No. 34 required the City to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets effective with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to utilities), traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the City. Neither their historical costs nor related depreciation has historically been reported in the financial statements. The City implemented the requirements for retroactive reporting of major general infrastructure assets during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at acquisition cost on the date donated.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets ranging as follows:

	Useful Life	Capitalization
	in Years	Threshold
Buildings	10 to 40	\$25,000
Infrastructure	5 to 60	\$25,000
Intangibles	3 to 10	\$5,000
Equipment	3 to 10	\$5,000
Furniture	3 to 10	\$5,000
Vehicles	5 to 10	\$5,000
Land	N/A	\$1

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value or materially extend the life of the asset are charged to operations as incurred. Costs of major additions and improvements are capitalized.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

N. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reports deferred outflows of resources related to their defined benefit pension plans as well as other postemployment benefits.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The City reports deferred inflows of resources related to their defined benefit pension plans as well as other post-employment benefits.

O. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

P. Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Q. Restricted Assets and Restricted Net Position

Certain proceeds of proprietary fund revenue bonds are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. The Water and Sewer Fund's sinking fund accounts are used to segregate resources for accumulated debt service payments. Other assets earmarked for restricted use in accordance with legal provisions or external requirements are indicated on the balance sheets. When an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

R. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance in accordance with GASB No. 54:

Nonspendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. All amounts reported as nonspendable, by the City are nonspendable in form. The City has not reported any amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – includes amounts restricted by external sources (creditors, laws of other governments, etc.) or by constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

R. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds, continued

Committed – includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes. Committed fund balance is reported pursuant to resolutions passed by the City Council, the City of Winder's highest level of decision-making authority, which include the language "committed for the purpose of". Commitments may be modified or rescinded only through adoption of a subsequent resolution, which shall refer to the original resolution by its number, title, and date of original adoption. A resolution committing amounts must be adopted prior to the end of the fiscal year; however, the amount to be committed may be determined within 60 days of fiscal year-end.

Assigned – includes amounts that the City intends to use for a specific purpose, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. Under the City's adopted policy, amounts may be assigned by the City Administrator, under the authorization of the City Council, through a written memorandum. Amounts appropriated to eliminate a projected deficit in the subsequent fiscal year's budget shall constitute assignments and are documented by adoption of the City's annual operating budget. The City Administrator has determined that all equity amounts reported in special revenue funds, capital project funds, debt service funds, or permanent funds not otherwise classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed shall constitute assignments of fund balance. Assignments must be adopted prior to the end of the fiscal year.

Unassigned – includes amounts that do not fall into one of the above four categories. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. The General Fund is the only fund that should report positive amounts this category of fund balance.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

S. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. Bond insurance costs are accounted for as prepayments and are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Loss on refunding of debt is reported as a deferred outflow of resources and is amortized over the life of the refunding debt using the straight-line method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types, bond premiums and discounts are recognized during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as an other financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financial sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

T. Compensation for Future Absences

It is the City's policy to allow employees to accumulate vacation time of up to 240 hours. Police and Fire Department employees are allowed to accrue up to 288 and 432 hours, respectively. Accumulated unpaid vacation pay amounts are accrued when incurred by the City in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. The liability of the proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and a liability of those funds as the benefits are accrued. In governmental fund types, a liability is recorded only if the benefit has matured and is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

U. Capital Contributions

Federal, state and local government assistance in the form of grants that are permanent in nature and restricted for the construction or acquisition of specific property and equipment is recorded as an asset and as non-operating revenue.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

V. Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS) plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by GMEBS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

W. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the City to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

X. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and in the non-operating revenues/expenses section in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements (i.e., they are netted).

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statement of activities are reported after general revenues. Transfers between funds reported in the governmental activities column are eliminated. Transfers between funds reported in the business type activities column are also eliminated.

3. Deposit and Investment Risk

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a financial institution failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City investment policies require that all deposits be federally insured or fully collateralized.

Interest Rate Risk

The City's investment policies place no limits on the maximum maturity of investments as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The City's investment policies authorize investment in the following securities approved by the State of Georgia for local governments. Authorized investments include certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, direct and agency obligations of the United States, obligations of the State of Georgia or other states, and pooled investment programs of the State of Georgia. The City's policies do not establish a minimum credit rating for investments. Investments are reported at fair value.

Concentration of Credit Risk

City's policies place no limits on the amount they may invest in any one issuer, but require that the investment portfolio be diversified.

Foreign Currency Risk

The City's investment policies do not allow for investments denominated in a foreign currency.

3. Deposit and Investment Risk (continued)

The City participates in the State of Georgia Local Government Investment Pool. Assets in this pool are invested in Georgia Fund 1, created by OCGA 36-83-8, which is a stable net asset investment pool that follows Standard and Poor's criteria for AAAf rated money market funds. Georgia Fund 1 is managed by the Georgia Office of the State Treasurer. The investment policies of Georgia Fund 1 are established by the Georgia State Depository Board. However, Georgia Fund 1 operates in a manner consistent with Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and is considered to be a 2a-7 like pool. The pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

The pool's primary objectives are safety of capital, investment income, liquidity and diversification while maintaining principal (\$1.00 per share value). Net asset value is calculated weekly to ensure stability. The pool distributes earnings (net of management fees) on a monthly basis and determines participant's shares sold and redeemed based on \$1.00 per share. Georgia Fund 1 is managed by the Georgia Office of the State Treasurer. The investment policies of Georgia Fund 1 are established by the Georgia State Depository Board.

Georgia Fund 1 is rated AAAf by Standard & Poor's. The weighted average maturity at the end of the current fiscal year was 38 days. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's balance in Georgia Fund 1 was \$5,551,121.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City's investments consist of negotiable certificates of deposits. All the City's investments are valued using level 1 inputs.

4. Property Tax

Property tax rates are set by the City Council each year and are limited by statutory or constitutional provision. Property values are assessed as of January 1st each year. Property taxes for fiscal year 2020, based upon the assessments of January 1, 2019, were levied June 4, 2019, billed on September 15, 2019, and due on November 15, 2019. Taxes are billed and collected by Barrow County and remitted to the City to help fund fire services.

5. Accounts Receivable

Net accounts receivable at the end of the current fiscal year consist of the following:

\$ 21,903		
(696)	\$	21,207
2,228,891		
525,701		2,754,592
169,327 55,335 13,129 3,600		241,391
	\$	3,017,190
	\$	276,643
	2,228,891 525,701 169,327 55,335 13,129	(696) \$ 2,228,891 525,701 169,327 55,335 13,129

6. Intergovernmental Receivables

Intergovernmental receivables at the end of the current fiscal year consist of the following:

Major Funds General SPLOST 2018 Gas	\$ 43,166 585,840 207,094
Total primary government	\$ 836,100

7. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

A summary of interfund receivables and payables at the end of the current year is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General	Nonmajor Enterprise Internal Service	\$ 410,610 725,543
Water and Sewer	Nonmajor Enterprise	 460,000
Subtotal		\$ 1,596,153

The balance reported as Due to/Due from represent loans between the borrower fund and the lender fund. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

The General Fund advanced the Environmental Protection Fund \$1,368,702 for past operating expenses. The Environmental Protection Fund will repay the General Fund \$136,870 for 10 years. The balance at the end of the current fiscal year is \$410,610.

The General Fund advanced the Building Fund \$885,144 for the purchase and renovations to the building at 25 E Midland Ave., Winder, GA to relocate the police and administrative offices. The Building Fund will repay the General Fund over 40 years which is the estimated useful life of the building. The balance at the end of the current fiscal year is \$725,543.

The Water Fund advanced the Golf Fund \$600,000 for the purchase of the Chimneys Golf Course. The Golf Fund will repay the Water Fund \$20,000 a year for 30 years. The balance at the end of the current fiscal year is \$460,000.

7. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (continued)

A summary of interfund transfers is as follows:

Transfer out Fund	Transfer in Fund	Amount			
General	SPLOST 2018 Gas Nonmajor Governmental Nonmajor Enterprise	\$	609,366 60,000 188,224 545,000		
SPLOST 2018	Nonmajor Enterprise Internal Service		1,640,284 2,545,463		
Water and Sewer	General		4,000,000		
Nonmajor Governmental	General Water and Sewer Nonmajor Enterprise		92,793 392,452 62,196		
Nonmajor Enterprise	General		470,000		
		\$	10,605,778		

Interfund transfers were used to 1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires collecting them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and 2) use unrestricted revenues collected to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Transfers are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements if the interfund transfer is within the governmental fund group or business-type fund group.

8. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the primary government for the current fiscal year was as follows:

		Beginning Balance Increases Decreases					Ending Balance	
Governmental activities					_			
Non-depreciable assets								
Land	\$	2,930,634	\$	275,800	\$	0	\$	3,206,434
Construction in progress		3,222,655		4,412,088		(5,757,077)	_	1,877,666
Total non-depreciable assets		6,153,289		4,687,888		(5,757,077)		5,084,100
Depreciable assets						_		
Buildings		4,094,552		4,573,512		0		8,668,064
Intangibles		10,920		16,381		0		27,301
Vehicles		5,323,973		411,176		(128,751)		5,606,398
Furniture and equipment		4,039,199		98,307		0		4,137,506
Infrastructure		33,847,944		2,271,921		0		36,119,865
Total depreciable assets		47,316,588		7,371,297		(128,751)		54,559,134
Accumulated depreciation		(4.000.000)		(400.00=)		•		(4 = 4 4 000)
Buildings		(1,392,033)		(122,227)		0		(1,514,260)
Intangibles		(364)		(2,518)		0		(2,882)
Vehicles		(4,287,907)		(326,269)		54,773		(4,559,403)
Furniture and equipment		(3,349,387)		(242,248)		0		(3,591,635)
Infrastructure		(22,145,638)		(475,088)		0		(22,620,726)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u> </u>	(31,175,329)		(1,168,350)		54,773		(32,288,906)
Total depreciable assets, net		16,141,259		6,202,947		(73,978)		22,270,228
Governmental activities	Φ	00 004 540	Φ	40 000 005	Φ	(5.004.055)	Φ	07.054.000
capital assets, net	\$	22,294,548	\$	10,890,835	\$	(5,831,055)	\$	27,354,328
Business-type activities								
Non-depreciable assets								
Land	\$	6,719,739	\$	30,000	\$	0	\$	6,749,739
Construction in progress		5,389,900		8,128,584		(6,694,209)		6,824,275
Total non-depreciable assets		12,109,639		8,158,584		(6,694,209)		13,574,014
Depreciable assets		· · ·		· · ·				· · ·
Buildings		12,387,177		17,255		0		12,404,432
Vehicles		1,369,229		553,936		(56,150)		1,867,015
Distribution system		129,105,071		8,913,920		0		138,018,991
Furniture and equipment		2,903,368		123,732		0		3,027,100
Total depreciable assets		145,764,845		9,608,843		(56,150)		155,317,538
Accumulated depreciation								
Buildings		(2,226,243)		(328,670)		0		(2,554,913)
Vehicles		(1,062,054)		(132,168)		52,552		(1,141,670)
Distribution system		(58,330,771)		(3,297,807)		0		(61,628,578)
Furniture and equipment		(2,192,028)		(157,779)		0		(2,349,807)
Total accumulated depreciation	٦	(63,811,096)		(3,916,424)		52,552		(67,674,968)
Total depreciable assets, net		81,953,749		5,692,419		(3,598)		87,642,570
Business-type activities								
capital assets, net	\$	94,063,388	\$	13,851,003	\$	(6,697,807)	\$	101,216,584

8. Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Primary Government

Governmental activities	
General Government	\$ 126,382
Public Safety	370,437
Public Works	580,779
Housing and Development	7,492
Internal Service	 83,260
Total depreciation expense for governmental activities	\$ 1,168,350
Business-type activities	
Water & Sewer	\$ 3,437,836
Gas	191,618
Solid Waste	5,605
Enviromental Protection	75,116
Special Facilities	135,650
Golf	65,999
Internal Service	 4,600
Total depreciation expense for business-type activities	\$ 3,916,424

9. Capital Lease Agreements

The City has entered into agreements for the lease of certain equipment. The terms of the agreements meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risk of ownership to the lessee. The balances of these leases at the end of the current fiscal year, are \$5,619,943 and \$4,332,368 for governmental and business-type activities, respectively.

9. Capital Lease Agreements (continued)

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments at the end of the current fiscal year:

Year Ending June 30,	 vernmental Activities	Business-type Activities		
2021	\$ 734,694	\$ 562,080		
2022	734,694	562,080		
2023	734,694	562,080		
2024	708,851	562,080		
2025	677,842	562,080		
2026-2030	2,724,317	 1,985,882		
Total minimum lease payments	6,315,092	4,796,282		
Less amounts representing interest	(695,149)	(463,914)		
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 5,619,943	\$ 4,332,368		

Below is a schedule of assets held under capital lease:

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				
		Accumulated					Accumulated		
		Cost	De	preciation		Cost	De	preciation	
Construction in progress Buildings Vehicles and equipment	\$	1,680,574 0 484,464	\$	0 0 147,323	\$	1,775,419 7,108,216 0	\$	0 177,274 0	
Total assets under capital leases	\$	2,165,038	\$	147,323	\$	8,883,635	\$	177,274	

Amortization of leased equipment under capital leases is included in depreciation expense.

The City's lease agreements, other than such agreements described above, are relatively minor commitments (generally for office machines) and are in compliance with state law.

10. Long-Term Debt

Revenue Bonds

Revenue bonds issued for business-type activities are comprised of the following individual issues at the end of the current fiscal year:

On February 21, 2012, the City issued Winder-Barrow Industrial Authority Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 due at various dates ending December 1, 2029 with various yields ranging from 2.00% to 5.00%. The proceeds from this refunding were to pay off a GEFA note in the amount of \$15,711,640. The Series 2012 Bonds are secured by a pledge of the City's full faith and credit and taxing powers and will not expire as long as the Series 2012 Bonds remain outstanding and unpaid. Upon an event of default, all outstanding principal and accrued interest may be declared immediately due and payable. The outstanding balance at the end of the current fiscal year is \$9,270,000.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

Year					
Ending June 30,	Prii	ncipal	ı	nterest	Total
2021	\$	785,000	\$	388,425	\$ 1,173,425
2022		810,000		360,450	1,170,450
2023		845,000		323,125	1,168,125
2024		880,000		280,000	1,160,000
2025		925,000		234,875	1,159,875
2026-2030	5,	025,000		588,125	 5,613,125
Total	\$ 9,	270,000	\$ 2	2,175,000	\$ 11,445,000

10. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Notes from Direct Borrowings

Business-type Activities

Notes from Direct Borrowings issued for business-type activities are comprised of the following individual issues at the end of the current fiscal year:

The City entered into an agreement with the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority (GEFA) in the amount of \$3,000,000 for improvements to the City's water and sewer system. Collateral for this obligation is the City's full faith and credit and revenue-raising power (including its taxing power). Monthly installments of principal and interest are due beginning on the first day of the calendar month following the date that the loan is fully disbursed (the Amortization Commencement Date) for 120 months; interest at 0.70%. Monthly installments began on August 1, 2016 (\$1,849,945 outstanding). In the event of default on this obligation or any other outstanding debt obligation greater than \$100,000, the timing of repayment of outstanding principal and accrued interest may be declared immediately due and payable. In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, GEFA has allowed the City to defer all principal and interest payments on this note for six months beginning on July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020 with payments resuming January 1, 2021. See Note 23 "Subsequent Events" for more information.

The City entered into a second agreement with the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority (GEFA) in the amount of \$9,000,000 to finance the costs of constructing a 6.7 million gallons per day raw water intake, and transmission main that will deliver water from Fort Yargo Lake to the Highway 53 water treatment plant. Collateral for this obligation is the City's full faith and credit and revenue-raising power (including its taxing power). Monthly installments of principal and interest are due beginning on the first day of the calendar month following the date that the loan is fully disbursed (the Amortization Commencement Date) for 120 months; interest at 0.89%. Monthly installments began on September 1, 2018 (\$8,240,041 outstanding). In the event of default on this obligation or any other outstanding debt obligation greater than \$100,000, the timing of repayment of outstanding principal and accrued interest may be declared immediately due and payable. In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, GEFA has allowed the City to defer all principal and interest payments on this note for six months beginning on July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020 with payments resuming January 1, 2021. See Note 23 "Subsequent Events" for more information.

10. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Notes from Direct Borrowings, continued

Business-type Activities (continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for notes from direct borrowings are as follows:

_Year			
Ending			
<u>June 30,</u>	 Principal	 <u>Interest</u>	 Total
2021	\$ 358,519	\$ 42,538	\$ 401,057
2022	721,413	80,701	802,114
2023	727,286	74,828	802,114
2024	733,208	68,906	802,114
2025	739,178	62,936	802,114
2026-2030	2,713,115	235,862	2,948,977
2031-2035	2,325,181	131,839	2,457,020
2036-2039	 1,772,086	 29,729	 1,801,815
Total	\$ 10,089,986	\$ 727,339	\$ 10,817,325

11. Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities of the City for the current fiscal year:

		Beginning Balance Addition		dditions	Deductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities				_		_				
Capital lease obligations	\$	6,240,095	\$	0	\$	(620,152)	\$	5,619,943	\$	593,729
Compensated absences		230,916		274,131		(259,709)		245,338		220,804
Total Governmental Activities	\$	6,471,011	\$	274,131	\$	(879,861)	\$	5,865,281	\$	814,533
							_			
Business-type Activities										
Revenue bonds	\$	10,030,000	\$	0	\$	(760,000)	\$	9,270,000	\$	785,000
Premium on bonds		791,132		0		(75,949)		715,183		75,949
Revenue bonds, net		10,821,132		0		(835,949)		9,985,183		860,949
Capital lease obligations		4,784,089		0		(451,721)		4,332,368		463,043
Notes from direct borrowings	3	10,802,680		0		(712,694)		10,089,986		358,519
Compensated absences		71,758		88,337		(88,167)		71,928		64,736
Total Business-type Activities	\$	26,479,659	\$	88,337	\$	(2,088,531)	\$	24,479,465	\$	1,747,247

Revenue bond discounts/premiums are amortized over the life of the related debt using the straight-line method. Compensated absences are liquidated by those funds that have salary and wage expenditures. The total interest incurred and charged to expense during the current fiscal year was \$169,402 for governmental activities and \$613,557 for business-type activities.

12. Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, and Assigned Fund Balances

The following is a summary of restricted, committed, and assigned fund balances of the governmental funds for the current fiscal year are as follows:

	General	2018 SPLOST	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable: Advances to other funds	\$ 1,136,153	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,136,153
Restricted for:				
Law enforcement	0	0	78,788	78,788
City festivals	0	0	2,973	2,973
Library	15,281	0	0	15,281
Capital projects	0	975,164	1,555,138	2,530,302
	15,281	975,164	1,636,899	2,627,344
Assigned for:				
Promoting trade and tourism	0	0	7,762	7,762

13. Pension Plan

Plan Description. The City is a participating member of the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS), a state-wide agent, multiple-employer retirement system, administered by the Georgia Municipal Association. This is a defined benefit pension plan, which provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City has established provisions, which assign the authority to the City Council members to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plan. The plan was closed to new employees on October 1, 2013.

Control over the operation and administration of the plan is vested with GMEBS along with custody of the plan assets. The plan provides that the City has no liability with respect to payments or benefits or otherwise under the plan except to pay over to GMEBS such actuarially determined contributions as are required to meet minimum funding standards of the Public Retirement Systems Standards Law and provide benefits thereunder. If terminated, the plan provides that if there are funds remaining after the satisfaction of all liabilities, such funds shall not revert to the City but shall be allocated to employees.

13. Pension Plan (continued)

There are no loans to any of the City officials or other "party-in-interest," and there are no prohibited transactions. The plan assets do not include any securities or investments in the City of Winder. The funds are managed by independent money managers.

The annual report and more detailed information regarding the plan can be obtained from the Plan Administrator, the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System.

At January 1, 2020, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, the plan consisting of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	117
Terminated vested participants entitled to	
but not yet receiving benefits	64
Active participants	66
Total number of participants	247

Benefits Provided. The plan provides retirement and death benefits. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Active participants with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 65 with no reduction in benefit. Active participants with ten years of total service are eligible to retire at age 55 with no reduction in benefit. Officials are eligible to retire at age 65 with no reduction of benefits. Officials with twenty-five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 55 with no reduction in benefit. Terminated vested participants are eligible for early retirement with reduced benefits based on the early retirement reduction table at age 55 with 10 years of service. The benefit formula is 2.00% after a ten-year cliff vesting period. On March 2, 2007, the Solid Waste department was privatized and those who were employed in this department with at least five years of credited service were considered vested in the plan, notwithstanding the ten-year requirement otherwise applicable under the Plan.

13. Pension Plan (continued)

Contributions. Employees make no contributions to the plan. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund the plan in compliance with the minimum funding standards of the Public Retirement Systems Standards Law. The City's actuarially determined contribution rate for the current the fiscal year was \$1,096,701 or 29.40% of covered payroll. The Council provides for the benefits and funding policy through City ordinance and maintains the authority to change the policy. The administrative expenses set by contract with GMEBS are in addition to the state-required annual funding requirement. This funding policy, as specified by ordinance, has been the same since the inception of the plan.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City reported a net pension liability of \$6,101,658. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020. During the current fiscal year, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,024,443. Net pension liability for governmental activities is liquidated by the General Fund.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the plan from the following sources:

Doforrod

	Outflows of Resources	Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 0	\$ (643,826)
Changes of assumptions	898,828	0
Changes in participant fund allocation	733,106	(733,106)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	0	(111,008)
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	822,524	0
Totals	\$ 2,454,458	\$ (1,487,940)

Doforrod

13. Pension Plan (continued)

The \$822,524 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2021	\$ (90,996)
2022	(1,131)
2023	78,970
2024	157,151
Totals	\$ 143,994

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the January 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%

Projected salary increases 2.25% plus service-based merit increases

Cost of living adjustments 0.00%

Net investment rate of return 7.375%

Healthy mortality rates were based on the Sex-Distinct Pri-2012 Head-County Weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25. Disabled mortality rates were based on the Sex-Distinct Pri-2012 Head-County Weighted Disabled Retiree Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25.

The mortality and economic actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2019.

13. Pension Plan (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	45%	6.41%
International equity	20%	6.96%
Real estate	10%	4.76%
Global fixed income	5%	3.06%
Domestic fixed income	20%	1.95%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.375 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employer will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

13. Pension Plan (continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension		Pla	Plan Fiduciary		et Pension
	Liability		N	let Position		Liability
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Balances at 9/30/18	\$	22,807,243	\$	17,414,308	\$	5,392,935
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		159,256		0		159,256
Interest		1,671,280		0		1,671,280
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(965,738)		0		(965,738)
Contributions—employer		0		1,003,136		(1,003,136)
Contributions—employee		0		31,816		(31,816)
Net investment income		0		506,528		(506,528)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(1,365,515)		(1,365,515)		0
Administrative expense		0		(37,164)		37,164
Other		1,348,241		0		1,348,241
Net changes		847,524		138,801		708,723
Balances at 9/30/19	\$	23,654,767	\$	17,553,109	\$	6,101,658
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	of th	ne total nension	liah	ility		74.21%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability Covered payroll				ility	\$	3,482,985
• •					Ψ	
Employer's net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll						175.18%

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.375 percent) or one percentage-point higher (8.375 percent) than the current rate:

	Discount	Net Pension
	Rate	Liabilty
1% decrease	6.375%	\$ 9,147,877
Current discount rate	7.375%	6,101,658
1% increase	8.375%	3,576,141

Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System financial report.

13. Pension Plan (continued)

Other Plans

In addition to the plan above, various City employees are also covered under the pension plans of the Georgia Firefighters' Pension Fund and the Peace Officers' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Georgia. Further information regarding these plans can be obtained from the plans' annual reports. These plans are immaterial to the financial statements.

14. Defined Contribution Plan

The City also provides retirement benefits for its employees through a deferred compensation, defined contribution plan. The Plan was created under Internal Revenue Code Sections 457 and 401(a). Since its inception, the Plan has been administered by the Security Benefit Life Insurance Plan, an independent third party. The City began participation in the plan during fiscal year 2004. During the current fiscal year, the city changed the administrator of the Plan to The Retirement Advantage, Inc. The City Council provides for the benefits and funding policy through a City resolution and maintains the authority to change the policy. Under the terms of the Plan, employees may defer a portion of their salary through voluntary contributions to the Plan. Employees may defer a maximum of 25% of their salary, up to the maximum allowable by federal law. After completing 90 days of service, the City will contribute a maximum of 6% of an employee's compensation per year. Employee and employer contributions are vested 100% at the time of contribution. Amounts held in the Plan are not available to the employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

During the current fiscal year, the City contributed \$177,935 to the plan based on covered salaries of \$3,027,586. Plan members made voluntary contributions of \$209,718 to the plan. Total payroll was \$7,228,982.

The City has no fiduciary relationship with the plans, and plan assets are not available to the City or its general creditors. The Plan assets are held in trust by Nationwide, Inc. for the exclusive benefit of the participants of the plans.

15. Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Plan Description. The City of Winder Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (the "OPEB Plan") is a defined benefit postretirement health care and prescription drug plan. The OPEB plan is administered through the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS), an agent multiple-employer OPEB Plan administered by the Georgia Municipal Association (GMA). The City has established provisions, which assign the authority to the City Council members to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plan.

At July 1, 2019, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, the plan consisted of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	4
Vested terminated members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active participants	143
Total number of participants	147

Benefits Provided. City employees become eligible after 20 years of service. Benefits valued herein are for Retiree Medical and Prescription Drug. Life Insurance is paid in full by the City for employees that retire from active employment and is not included in the valuation. Coverage is available to retirees who have attained age 55 with 10 years of service if retired before December 31, 2012. Employees retiring after this date must attain age 60 with ten years of service. Spousal coverage is subject to the same. As of December 31, 2012, spousal coverage is no longer available under the plan. Retirees are responsible for 50% of the billed premium for the retiree and spouse.

Contributions. The City has elected to advance fund the OPEB Plan, as well as maintain the current costs of the OPEB Plan on a "pay-as-you-go" basis, in that claims are paid as they arise. Contributions to the plan are held in an irrevocable trust. The City Council provides for the benefits and funding policy through City resolution and maintains the authority to change the policy. The City's contributions for the current fiscal year totaled \$124,340, or 1.75% of covered employee payroll. Net OPEB liability for governmental activities is liquidated by the General Fund.

15. Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (continued)

The administrative expenses set by contract with GMEBS are in addition to the state-required annual funding requirement. This funding policy, as specified by ordinance, has been the same since the inception of the plan. The GMA issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for GMEBS.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City reported a net OPEB liability of \$470,832. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined from actuarial valuations using data as of July 1, 2018 and measured by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. During the current fiscal year, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$73,181.

The components of the net OPEB liability are as follows:

		Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan iduciary t Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a)-(b)
Balances at 6/30/2018	\$	1,142,100	\$ 661,000	\$ 481,100
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		41,301	0	41,301
Interest		87,670	0	87,670
Differences between expected				
and actual experience		284,951	0	284,951
Contributions-employer		0	124,338	(124,338)
Net investment income		0	46,100	(46,100)
Benefit payments, including refunds of				
member contributions		(28,938)	(28,938)	0
Administrative expenses		0	(1,800)	1,800
Assumption changes		(255,552)	0	(255,552)
Net changes		129,432	139,700	(10,268)
Balances at 6/30/2019	\$	1,271,532	\$ 800,700	\$ 470,832
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total Covered employee payroll Plan net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered em		•	\$ 62.97% 6,952,819 6.77%	

15. Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (continued)

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB Plan from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of <u>esources</u>	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Changes of assumptions	\$	0	\$	(243,060)		
Differences between expected and actual experience		262,960		0		
Differences between projected and actual earnings						
on OPEB plan investments		0		(14,212)		
Changes of participant fund allocation		5,589		(5,589)		
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		125,339		0		
Totals	\$	393,888	\$	(262,861)		

The \$125,339 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the next fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	
2021	\$ (4,503)
2022	(4,503)
2023	2,097
2024	4,297
2025	6,800
Thereafter	1,500
Totals	\$ 5,688

15. Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%

Projected salary increases 3.00 to 8.50%, including inflation

Discount rate 7.375%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate 7.00% trended down 0.25% per anum to 4.50% by 2029

Mortality rates Healthy mortality rates were based on sex distinct Pri-

2012 head-count weighted Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25, projected generationally from 2012

Amortization method Open 30 years, level percent of payroll

Remaining amortization period 30 years

Asset valuation method Market value

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of January 1, 2015 through July 30, 2019.

Development of Long-Term Rate. The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments that are expected to be used to finance the payment of benefits, to the extent that (1) the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments and (2) OPEB plan assets are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve that return. Based on a projection of the plan's cash flow, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the total OPEB liability was determined using the long-term expected rate of 7.375%.

15. Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (continued)

The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumption as of July 1, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	45%	6.41%
International equity	20%	6.96%
Global fixed income	5%	3.06%
Domestic fixed income	20%	1.96%
Real estate	10%	4.76%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the Total OPEB liability was 7.375%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assume that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to cover all projected benefit payments of current plan members.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.375%) or one percentage-point higher (8.375%) than the current rate. Also, shown is the Net OPEB Liability as if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were on percentage point lower or on percentage point higher than the current healthcare trend rates:

		N	et OPEB
Discount Rate		L	_iability
1% decrease	6.375%	\$	583,084
Current discount rate	7.375%		470,832
1% increase	8.375%		372,936
		N	et OPEB
Healthcare Cost Trend	Rates		et OPEB Liability
Healthcare Cost Trend 1% decrease	Rates		
	<u>Rates</u>		iability

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System financial report.

16. Risk Management

General Insurance

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts, thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has contracted with a private insurance carrier, and is subject to various deductibles that are paid from City funds.

The City allows insurance carrier's agents and attorneys to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions, and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the contract.

The insurer is to defend and protect the City against liability or loss as prescribed in the contract and in accordance with laws of Georgia. The insurer is to pay all cost taxed against the City in any legal proceeding being defended, and all interest accruing after entry of judgement and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation, or defense.

Health Insurance

The City provides health care benefits to its active and retired employees and their dependents. The City contracted with Cigna for health care coverage. The contract is a fully insured plan.

Workers Compensation

The City has obtained workers' compensation insurance from a Georgia Municipal Association Group Self Insurance Workers Compensation Fund. The limits of the coverage are \$1,000,000 for each employee claim with a \$10,000 deductible.

Settled claims for the past three years have not exceeded the coverage.

17. Hotel/Motel Lodging Tax

The City has levied a 7% lodging tax, in accordance with Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 48-13-51(4.4). A summary of the transactions for the current fiscal year, follows:

Lodging tax receipts \$ 220,384

Disbursements to Chamber of Commerce, Festivals, and other tourism and visitor programs

\$219,884 99.77% of tax receipts

18. Joint Ventures

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the northeast Georgia area, is a member of the Northeast Georgia Regional Commission and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During the fiscal year, the City's dues were paid by Barrow County, which did not request reimbursement from the City. According to the RC, all dues are billed to the County and the management of the County determines if each municipality within the County should be billed pro-rata for their share of the dues. Membership in an RC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34, which provides for the organizational structure of the RC in Georgia. The RC Board membership includes the chief elected official in each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RC. A copy of the NEGRC financial statements can be obtained from the Northeast Georgia Regional Commission, 305 Research Drive, Athens, Georgia 30605.

19. Related Organizations

The City is responsible for appointing various members of the boards of other organizations, but the City's accountability for these organizations do not extend beyond making these appointments. In addition, City officials serve on the boards of several organizations in which the City does not have a voting majority. Organizations related to the City in one or both of these manners include the following:

Housing Authority of the City of Winder

Piedmont Regional Library

Barrow County Board of Health

Winder-Barrow Development Authority

Winder Planning Board

Winder-Barrow Industrial Building Authority

Winder Tree Commission

Historic Preservation Commission

Public Facilities Authority

20. Commitments

The City has committed to planning, designing, and constructing a 1.1 billion-gallon pump storage reservoir for the City. This project will be funded by loan proceeds from GEFA.

During fiscal year 2015, the City entered into an agreement with the City of Auburn, Georgia for the acquisition and construction of a reservoir and the associated infrastructure required so that the city may withdraw raw water from the Mulberry River, Little Mulberry River, and Rock Creek, and store the raw water in the reservoir and transmit the water to each City's water treatment plants. The City's potion of the project is currently estimated to cost \$20.8 million. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City has spent \$1,160,199 pertaining to this project since its inception.

21. Risks and Uncertainties

In January 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) as a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern," which continues to spread throughout the world and has adversely impacted global commercial activity and contributed to significant declines and volatility in financial markets. The coronavirus outbreak and government responses are creating disruption in global supply chains and adversely impacting many industries. The outbreak could have a continued material adverse impact on economic and market conditions and trigger a period of global economic slowdown. The rapid development and fluidity of this situation precludes any prediction as to the ultimate material adverse impact of the coronavirus outbreak. Nevertheless, the outbreak presents uncertainty and risk with respect to the City, its performance, and its financial results.

22. New Accounting Standards

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, effective for the City's current fiscal year. The requirements of this statement are effective for period beginning after December 15, 2020.

23. Subsequent Events

On July 6, 2020, the City adopted resolutions allowing modifications to the Notes from Direct Borrowings with the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority which modified the terms of the notes in the following manner: 1. Unpaid principal balance of the notes would not bear any interest during the period beginning on June 1, 2020 through November 30, 2020; 2. No principal, interest, or fees would be due or payable during the period beginning July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020; 3. The maturity dates of the notes were delayed by 6 months. Monthly payments will resume on January 1, 2021. The repayment schedules of the above notes have been adjusted to reflect these modifications.

Subsequent to June 30, 2020, the City received \$938,960 of funding as part of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act"), which was enacted on March 27, 2020. These funds are reimbursements to the City for expenditures related to public safety and various items during the COVID-19 pandemic.



CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

		Fis	cal Year End	
	 2020		2019	2018
Total pension liability Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	\$ 159,256 1,671,280 (965,738) 1,348,241 (1,365,515)	\$	148,204 1,549,264 350,657 888,088 (1,275,242)	\$ 173,051 1,506,920 268,580 402,748 (1,298,321)
Net change in total pension liability	847,524		1,660,971	1,052,978
Total pension liability - beginning	 22,807,243		21,146,272	20,093,294
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 23,654,767	\$	22,807,243	\$ 21,146,272
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 1,003,136 31,816 506,528 (1,365,515) (37,164) 138,801	\$	961,342 12,084 1,590,479 (1,275,242) (39,142) 1,249,521	\$ 988,953 0 2,138,768 (1,298,321) (45,297) 1,784,103
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 17,414,308		16,164,787	 14,380,684
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 17,553,109	\$	17,414,308	\$ 16,164,787
Net pension liability (asset) - ending : (a) - (b)	\$ 6,101,658	\$	5,392,935	\$ 4,981,485
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74.21%		76.35%	76.44%
Covered payroll	\$ 3,482,985	\$	3,505,675	\$ 3,730,435
Net pension liabilty as a percentage of covered payroll	175.18%		153.83%	133.54%

Note: Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

2017	2016	2015		
\$ 179,037 1,474,422 67,694 0 (1,305,321)	\$ 236,833 1,412,604 463,073 0 (1,324,394)	\$	328,917 1,443,234 (652,819) (240,685) (1,223,348)	
415,832	788,116		(344,701)	
 19,677,462	 18,889,346		19,234,047	
\$ 20,093,294	\$ 19,677,462	\$	18,889,346	
\$ 1,032,165 26,847 1,461,014 (1,305,321) (22,393)	\$ 1,228,670 0 151,347 (1,324,394) (24,301)	\$	1,409,342 59,823 1,334,881 (1,223,348) (19,349)	
1,192,312	31,322		1,561,349	
 13,188,372	 13,157,050		11,595,701	
\$ 14,380,684	\$ 13,188,372	\$	13,157,050	
\$ 5,712,610	\$ 6,489,090	\$	5,732,296	
71.57%	 67.02%		69.65%	
\$ 3,845,923	\$ 4,034,416	\$	4,658,538	
148.54%	160.84%		123.05%	

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA **SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS** LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year End						
		2020		2019		2018	
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	1,096,701 (1,096,701)	\$	970,814 (970,814)	\$	956,718 (957,818)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	0	\$	0	\$	(1,100)	
Covered payroll	\$	3,729,981	\$	3,658,954	\$	3,844,876	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		29.40%		26.53%		24.88%	

Note: Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Fiscal Year End

2017	2016	2015
\$ 997,298 (999,098)	\$ 1,042,387 (1,042,387)	\$ 1,292,164 (1,469,165)
\$ (1,800)	\$ 0	\$ (177,001)
\$ 3,871,009	\$ 3,880,640	\$ 4,188,210
25.76%	26.86%	30.85%

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

		Fis	cal Year End	
	2020		2019	 2018
Total OPEB liability Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	\$ 41,301 87,670 284,951 (255,552) (28,938)	\$	40,300 79,400 35,100 (1,300) (59,300)	\$ 44,900 68,700 0 (49,000) (57,800)
Net change in total OPEB liability	129,432		94,200	6,800
Total OPEB liability - beginning	1,142,100		1,047,900	 1,041,100
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 1,271,532	\$	1,142,100	\$ 1,047,900
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expenses Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	\$ 124,338 46,100 (28,938) (1,800) 139,700 661,000	\$	134,300 55,000 (59,300) (600) 129,400 531,600	\$ 132,800 64,300 (57,800) (900) 138,400 393,200
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 800,700	\$	661,000	\$ 531,600
Net OPEB liability (asset) - ending : (a) - (b)	\$ 470,832	\$	481,100	\$ 516,300
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	62.97%		57.88%	50.73%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 6,952,819	\$	6,952,800	\$ 6,489,900
Plan net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	6.77%		6.92%	7.96%

Note: Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation. Therefore, years prior are not reported.

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year End						
		2020		2019	_	2018	
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	62,929 (124,340)	\$	59,300 (134,300)	\$	57,800 (132,800)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(61,411)	\$	(75,000)	\$	(75,000)	
Covered employee payroll	\$	7,109,257	\$	6,952,819	\$	6,950,672	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		1.75%		1.93%		1.91%	

Note: Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation. Therefore, years prior are not reported.

Pension Plan

1. Valuation Date

The actuarially determined contribution rate was determined as of January 1, 2020, with an interest adjustment to the fiscal year. Contributions in relation to this actuarially determined

contribution rate will be reported for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

2. Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution

<u>Rates</u>

Actuarial cost method = Projected unit credit

Amortization method = Closed level dollar for remaining unfunded liability

Remaining amortization period = Remaining amortization period varies for the bases, with a net

effective amortization period of 10 years.

Asset valuation method = Sum of actuarial value at beginning of year and the cash flow during

the year plus the assumed investment return, adjusted by 10% of the amount that the value

exceeds or is less than the market value at end of year. The actuarial value is adjusted, if

necessary, to be within 20% of market value.

Net investment rate of return = 7.375%

Projected salary increases = 2.25% plus service-based merit increases

Cost of living adjustments = 0.00%

Retirement age for inactive vested participants = 65

Mortality = Healthy mortality rates were based on the Sex-Distinct Pri-2012 Head-County

Weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25. Disabled mortality rates

were based on the Sex-Distinct Pri-2012 Head-County Weighted Disabled Retiree Mortality Table

with rates multiplied by 1.25.

Pension Plan (continued)

3. Changes in Benefits

Effective October 1, 2017, Employees and Officials who terminate on or after January 1, 2018, qualify for alternative normal retirement eligibility at age 55 with ten years of service.

4. Changes of Assumptions

Amounts reported for the fiscal year ending in 2020 and later reflect the following assumption changes based on an actuarial study conducted in November and December of 2019:

The mortality table for healthy retirees and beneficiaries was changed from the sex-distinct RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, set forward two years in age for males and one year for females to the sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25

The mortality table for disabled participants was changed from the sex-distinct RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table to the sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Disabled Retiree Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25

The mortality table for active participants, terminated vested participants and deferred beneficiaries was changed from the sex-distinct RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, set forward two years in age for males and one year for females to the sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Employee Mortality Table

Future mortality improvement is based on projecting generationally from 2012 using 60% of the sex-distinct Scale SSA2019. Previously future mortality improvements were not explicitly projected.

Pension Plan (continued)

4. Changes of Assumptions (continued)

The prior retirement assumption was based on the Plan's Normal retirement eligibility. If normal retirement eligibility was only available on or after age 65, the prior assumption was 60% at ages 65 to 69 and 100% at age 70 or older. If normal retirement eligibility was available prior to age 65, the rates were 10% at ages 55 to 59, 20% at age 60, 25% at age 61, 35% at age 62, 40% at age 63, 45% at age 64, 50% at ages 65 to 69, and 100% at age 70 and older as long as a participant was at least eligible for early retirement.

The new assumption relates to when a given participant is eligible for normal retirement (either regular normal retirement or alternative normal retirement). Retirement rates do not apply is a participant is not eligible for either early or normal retirement. The retirement rates were normal retirement is available on or after age 65 are 5% at ages 55 to 59, 7% at ages 60 and 61, 20% at age 62, 10% at ages 63 and 6, 35% at ages 65 to 69, 25% at ages 66 to 71, and 100% at ages 72 and older.

Where normal retirement is available to a given participant at age 62, 63, or 64,the new retirement rates are 3% when first eligible for early retirement through age 60, 10% at ages 61 to 64, 35% at age 65, 25% at ages 66 to 71 and 100% at ages 72 and older. In addition, in the first year a participant is eligible for normal retirement, the rate is increase by 30%.

Where normal retirement is available at age 60 or 61, the new retirement rates are 3% when first eligible for early retirement through age 59, 10% at ages 60 to 64, 35% at age 65, 25% at ages 66 to 71 and 100% at ages 72 and older. In addition, in the first year a participant is eligible for normal retirement, the rate is increased by 20%.

Where normal retirement is available prior to age 60, the new retirement rates are 3% when first eligible for early retirement through the year prior to normal retirement eligibility, 10% from normal retirement eligibility through age 59, 20% at age 60, 25% at age 61, 35% at age 62, 40% at age 63, 45% at age 64, 50% at age 65, 25% at ages 66 to 71 and 100% at ages 72 and older. In addition, in the first year a participant is eligible for normal retirement, the rate is increased by 10%.

Pension Plan (continued)

4. Changes of Assumptions (continued)

The turnover rates were changed from the greater of age-based rates and select rates for the first five years of service followed by age-based rates thereafter to service-based rates only.

The disability rates were changed to 50% of the rates in the prior age-based table.

The inflation assumption was decreased from 2.75% to 2.25%.

The salary increase assumption was changed from a service-based salary scale starting at 8.25% for the first two years of service with an ultimate rate of 3.25% at ten years of service to a service-based scale starting at 8.50% for the first two years of service with an ultimate rate of 3.00% at 15 years of service.

The investment return assumption was decreased from 7.50% to 7.375%.

OPEB Plan

1. Valuation Date

The actuarially determined contribution rates are determined as of July 1, 2019 based on the most recent valuation within 30 months of the fiscal year end.

2. Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial cost method = Entry age normal

Amortization method = Open 30 years, level percent of payroll

Remaining amortization period = 30 years

Asset valuation method = Market value

Projected salary increases = 3.00% to 8.50%, including inflation

OPEB Plan (continued)

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates, continued

Inflation = 2.25%

Discount rate = 7.375%

Healthcare cost trend rates = Medical per capita costs, retiree contributions, and premiums are assumed to increase 7.00% for fiscal year 2020 and then decrease 0.25% per year to an ultimate rate of 4.50%.

Mortality = Healthy mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Mortality Tables with rates multiplied by 1.25, projected generationally from 2012.

3. Changes in Benefits

There have been no benefit changes since GASB 75 implementation.

4. Changes of Assumptions

Amounts reported for the fiscal year ending in 2020 and later reflect the following assumption changes based on an actuarial experience study conducted in November and December of 2019:

Per capita health costs and trend rates were updated to reflect recent experience

The inflation rate changed from 2.75% to 2.25%

The mortality tables were changed from the sex-distinct RP-2014 Mortality Tables with base year 2006 to the sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Mortality Tables with rates multiplied by 1.25.

Future mortality improvement is based on projecting generationally from 2012 using 60% of the improvement rates used in the intermediate (alternative II) assumptions for projections in the 2019 OASDI Trustees Report.

OPEB Plan (continued)

4. Changes of Assumptions (continued)

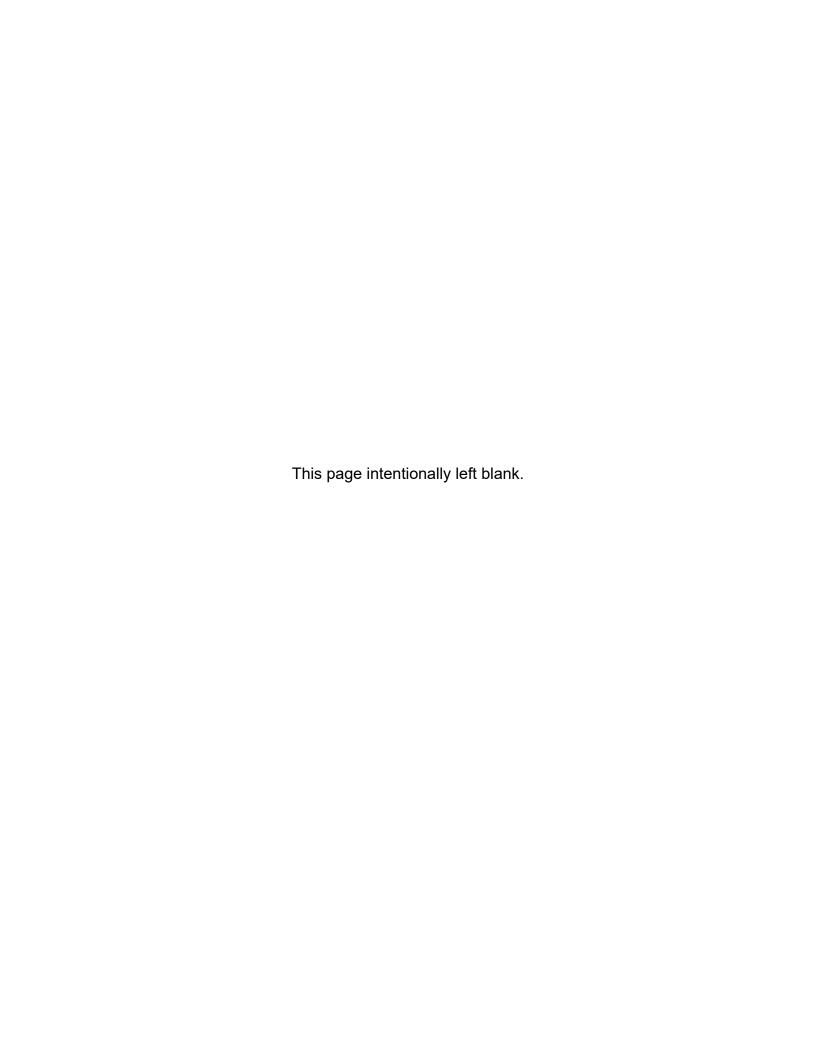
The retirement assumption was revised with the new rates based on expected Normal Retirement Age.

The turnover rates were changed from the greater of age-based rates and select rates for the first five years of service followed by age-based rates thereafter to service-based rates only.

Disability rates were added.

The salary increase assumption was changed from a flat rate of 2.5% for all year of service to a service- based scale starting at 8.50% for the first two years of service with an ultimate rate of 3.00% at 15 years of service.

The discount rate decreased from 7.5% to 7.375%.

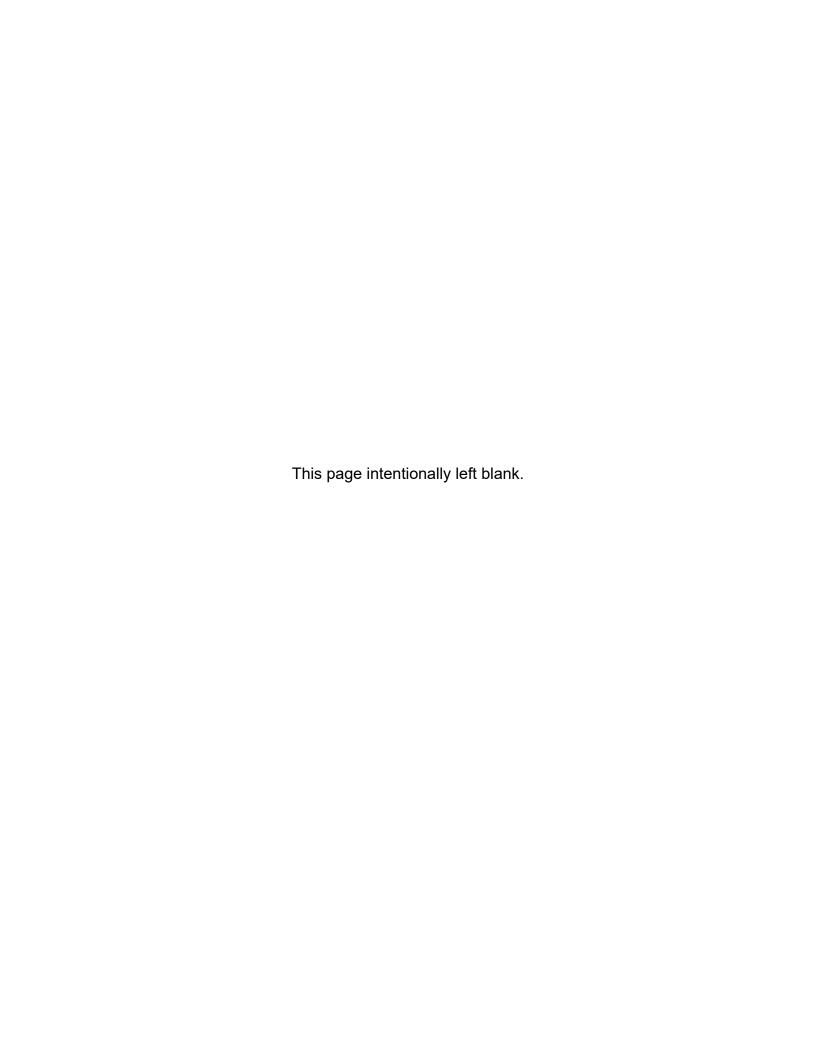


COMBINING STATEMENTS

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Nonmajor Internal Service Funds



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally or donor restricted or committed to expenditure for particular purposes.

<u>Hotel/Motel Tax Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the hotel/motel taxes collected and expenditures related to tourism.

<u>Police Escrow Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for cash received for condemned funds received and disbursed for law enforcement purposes.

<u>City Festivals Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to festivals and events held by the city.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of specifically planned projects (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

<u>LMIG Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the cost of Georgia Department of Transportation (GDOT) paving projects.

<u>2012 Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the expenditures of the 2012 SPLOST.

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue					
	Hotel/		Police			City
	M	otel Tax	Escrow		Festivals	
ASSETS	Φ.	0.5	Φ.	400 704	Φ.	0.004
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes Receivable	\$	35	\$	139,731	\$	2,984
Taxes Receivable		18,182	_	0		0
Total assets	\$	18,217	\$	139,731	\$	2,984
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	10,455	\$	20,584	\$	11
Due to others	<u> </u>	0	_	40,359		0
Total liabilities		10,455		60,943		11_
Fund balances						
Restricted for:						
Public Safety		0		78,788		0
Culture and Recreation		0		0		2,973
Capital Outlay		0		0		0
Assigned for Housing and Development		7,762		0		0
Total fund balances		7,762		78,788		2,973
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	18,217	\$	139,731	\$	2,984

Capita LMIG	Capital Projects SPLOST MIG 2012			Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds	
\$ 403,193 0	\$	1,151,945 0			
\$ 403,193	\$	1,151,945	1,151,945 \$		
\$ 0	\$	0 0	\$	31,050 40,359	
0		0		71,409	
0 0 403,193 0		0 0 1,151,945 0		78,788 2,973 1,555,138 7,762	
 403,193		1,151,945		1,644,661	
\$ 403,193	\$	1,151,945	\$	1,716,070	

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BAIANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue				
DEVENUE	Hotel/ Motel Tax		Police Escrow	City Festivals	
REVENUES Taxes	\$ 220.38	84 \$	0	\$ 0	
Fines, fees, and forfeitures	\$ 220,38	ο4 φ Ο	45,088	\$ 0 0	
Charges for services		0	45,000	3,371	
Intergovernmental		0	0	0,071	
Contributions		0	0	135	
Interest		0	0	0	
Total revenues	220,38	<u> </u>	45,088	3,506	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Public Safety		0	58,543	0	
Culture and Recreation	0.4.04	0	0	15,229	
Housing and Development	64,89		0	0	
Capital Outlay		0	0	0	
Total expenditures	64,89	95	58,543	15,229	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	155,48	<u> </u>	(13,455)	(11,723)	
over (under) expenditures					
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	/4=4.04	0	0	0	
Transfers out	(154,98	<u> </u>	0	0	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(154,98	<u> </u>	0	0	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures					
and other financing uses	50	00	(13,455)	(11,723)	
Fund balances, July 1	7,26	<u> </u>	92,243	14,696	
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 7,76	<u> </u>	78,788	\$ 2,973	

Capital Projects				Total Nonmajor		
 LMIG		SPLOST 2012	Governmental Funds			
\$ 0 0 0 216,357 0	\$	0 0 0 0 0 1,696	\$	220,384 45,088 3,371 216,357 135 1,696		
216,357		1,696		487,031		
0 0 0 1,704		0 0 0 129,129		58,543 15,229 64,895 130,833		
1,704		129,129		269,500		
 214,653		(127,433)		217,531		
188,224 0 188,224	_	0 (392,452) (392,452)		188,224 (547,441) (359,217)		
 402,877		(519,885) 1,671,830		(141,686)		
\$ 403,193	\$	1,151,945	\$	1,644,661		

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA HOTEL/MOTEL TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES Hotel/motel taxes	\$ 249,200	\$ 220,384	\$ (28,816)
EXPENDITURES Current			
Housing and Development	73,400	64,895	8,505
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			(
over (under) expenditures	175,800	155,489	(20,311)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out	(154,989)	(154,989)	0
Contingency	(20,811)	0	20,811
Total other financing sources (uses)	(175,800)	(154,989)	20,811
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)			
expenditures and other financing uses	0	500	500
Fund balances, July 1	0	7,262	7,262
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 0	\$ 7,762	\$ 7,762

91 Exhibit C-3

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA POLICE ESCROW SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES Fines and forfeitures	\$	59,000	\$	45,088	\$	(13,912)
EXPENDITURES Current						
Public Safety		59,000		58,543		457
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		0		(13,455)		(13,455)
Fund balances, July 1		0		92,243		92,243
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$	78,788	\$	78,788

92 Exhibit C-4

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA CITY FESTIVALS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

		Final Budget	Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$	6,200	\$ 3,371	\$	(2,829)
Contributions	-	5,000	 135		(4,865)
Total revenues		11,200	 3,506		(7,694)
EXPENDITURES Current					
Culture and Recreation		15,300	 15,229		71
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		(4,100)	(11,723)		(7,623)
Fund balances, July 1		4,100	 14,696		10,596
Fund balances, June 30	\$	0	\$ 2,973	\$	2,973

93 Exhibit C-5

NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

<u>Solid Waste Management Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the contract costs of solid waste collection, disposal, and recycling.

<u>Environmental Protection Fund</u> – This fund is used to record revenues and expenses associated with the operation and maintenance of the City's stormwater systems and the management of the FOG program and Watershed Protection Plan.

<u>Special Facilities Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the rents and other income and the related costs (including depreciation) of operating the City's Community Center, Adult Education Center, Historic Train Station, Cultural Arts Center, and other City-owned income producing buildings.

Golf Fund – This fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance associated with management of the Chimneys Golf Course which is located at 338 Monroe Highway, Winder, Georgia.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

<u>Utility Service Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the City's utility billing, meter reading and Customer Service.

<u>Buildings Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the purchase and capital costs of its General Government Buildings. The Building Fund then receives rental income from the departments that use these buildings.

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS June 30, 2020

	Solid Waste Management	Enviromental Protection	Special Facilities	Golf	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
ASSETS					
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable (net) Inventories	\$ 348,139 169,327 0	\$ 3,876 55,335 0	\$ 253,001 13,129 0	\$ 1,121 3,600 39,507	\$ 606,137 241,391 39,507
Total current assets	517,466	59,211	266,130	44,228	887,035
Noncurrent assets Capital assets Non-depreciable Depreciable (net)	0 218,483	700,825 2,678,569	2,233,877 2,502,081	516,284 309,001	3,450,986 5,708,134
Total noncurrent assets	218,483	3,379,394	4,735,958	825,285	9,159,120
Total assets	735,949	3,438,605	5,002,088	869,513	10,046,155
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RED Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to other post employment benefit	0	19,104 8,109	0	0 11,585	19,104 19,694
Total deferred outflows of resources	0	27,213	0	11,585	38,798
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities Accounts payable Accrued salaries Compensated absences Unearned revenue Advances from other funds	64,048 0 0 0	61,943 4,784 1,586 0 136,870	757 0 0 27,150 0	23,857 27,482 11,620 15,610 20,000	150,605 32,266 13,206 42,760 156,870
Total current liabilities	64,048	205,183	27,907	98,569	395,707
Noncurrent liabilities Advances from other funds Compensated absences Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	0 0 0 0	273,740 176 45,762 9,694	0 0 0 0	440,000 1,291 0 13,848	713,740 1,467 45,762 23,542
Total noncurrent liabilities	0	329,372	0	455,139	784,511
Total liabilities	64,048	534,555	27,907	553,708	1,180,218

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS June 30, 2020

	Ма	Solid Waste nagement		nviromental Protection		Special Facilities		Golf	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESO	URC	ES							
Deferred inflows related to pensions	\$	0	\$	10,376	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 10,376
Deferred inflows related to other post employment benefit	s	0		5,412		0		7,731	13,143
, , ,			_		_		_	.,	 ,
Total deferred inflows of resources		0		15,788		0		7,731	23,519
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets		218,483		3,334,394		4,735,958		825,285	9,114,120
Unrestricted		453,418		(418,919)		238,223		(505,626)	 (232,904)
Total net position	\$	671,901	\$	2,915,475	\$	4,974,181	\$	319,659	\$ 8,881,216

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

	Solid Waste Management	Enviromental Protection	Special Facilities	Golf	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for sales and services	\$ 1,326,615	\$ 530,497	\$ 67,093	\$ 919,327	\$ 2,843,532
Other	0	0	0	1,300	1,300
Total operating revenues	1,326,615	530,497	67,093	920,627	2,844,832
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Costs of sales and services	849,667	199,761	247,732	494,103	1,791,263
Personal services	0	220,814	12,144	509,458	742,416
Depreciation	5,605	75,116	135,650	65,999	282,370
Total operating expenses	855,272	495,691	395,526	1,069,560	2,816,049
Operating income (loss)	471,343	34,806	(328,433)	(148,933)	28,783
Transfers in (out)					
Transfers in	0	325,000	1,702,480	220,000	2,247,480
Transfers out	(470,000)	0	0	0	(470,000)
Total transfers in (out)	(470,000)	325,000	1,702,480	220,000	1,777,480
Change in net position	1,343	359,806	1,374,047	71,067	1,806,263
Net position, July 1	670,558	2,555,669	3,600,134	248,592	7,074,953
Net position, June 30	\$ 671,901	\$ 2,915,475	\$ 4,974,181	\$ 319,659	\$ 8,881,216

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

	_ Ma	Solid Waste anagement		viromental rotection		Special Facilities		Golf		Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:	Φ.	4 000 500	Φ.	F0F 070	Φ.	F0 704	Φ	005 000	Φ.	0.000.000
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers	\$	1,320,508 (848,714)	\$	505,676 (190,240)	\$	50,794 (247,695)	\$	925,320 (511,855)	\$	2,802,298 (1,798,504)
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees		(040,714)		(216,595)		(12,217)		(507,704)		(736,516)
Other receipts		0		0		0		1,300		1,300
Net cash provided (used) by										
operating activities		471,794		98,841	_	(209,118)		(92,939)		268,578
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:										
Receipts from other funds		0		325,000		1,702,480		220,000		2,247,480
Payments to other funds		(470,000)		(136,871)		0		(20,000)		(626,871)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities		(470,000)		188,129		1,702,480		200,000		1,620,609
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:										
Acquisition of capital assets		0		(285,616)	_	(1,640,284)		(115,607)		(2,041,507)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,794		1,354		(146,922)		(8,546)		(152,320)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1		346,345		2,522		399,923		9,667		758,457
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	348,139	\$	3,876	\$	253,001	\$	1,121	\$	606,137

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

	Ma	Solid Waste magement	omental tection		Special Facilities	Golf	Total lonmajor interprise Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$	471,343	\$ 34,806	\$	(328,433)	\$ (148,933)	\$ 28,783
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (use by operating activities:	d)						
Depreciation expense		5,605	75,116		135,650	65,999	282,370
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(6,107)	(24,821)		(5,414)	3,317	(33,025)
(Increase) decrease in inventories		(0,107)	0		(3,414)	(140)	(33,023)
(Increase) decrease in deferred		Ü	Ū		Ü	(110)	(110)
outflows of resources		0	(19,161)		0	(6,927)	(26,088)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	е	953	9,521		37	(17,612)	(7,101)
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenu		0	0		(10,885)	2,676	(8,209)
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries		0	(2,171)		(73)	2,997	753
Increase (decrease) in							
compensated absences payable		0	(431)		0	569	138
Increase (decrease) in net pension liabi		0	7,233		0	0	7,233
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liabilit	У	0	9,694		0	(643)	9,051
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows							
of resources		0	 9,055		0	 5,758	 14,813
Total adjustments		451	 64,035	_	119,315	 55,994	 239,795
Net cash provided (used) by							
operating activities	\$	471,794	\$ 98,841	\$	(209,118)	\$ (92,939)	\$ 268,578

Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:

Acquisition of capital assets through accounts payable totaled \$45,000.

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS June 30, 2020

ASSETS	Utility Service	Buildings	Totals
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Prepaid items	\$ 138,953 8,400	\$ 606,004 6,167	\$ 744,957 14,567
Total current assets	147,353	612,171	759,524
Noncurrent assets Capital Assets Nondepreciable Depreciable (net)	0 5,367	1,977,189 6,647,285	1,977,189 6,652,652
Total noncurrent assets	5,367	8,624,474	8,629,841
Total assets	152,720	9,236,645	9,389,365
	102,720	3,200,040	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to other post	37,563	0	37,563
employment benefits	20,853	0	20,853
Total deferred outflows of resources	58,416	0	58,416
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	34,843	11,496	46,339
Accrued salaries	17,330	0	17,330
Compensated absences	7,734	0	7,734
Advances from other funds	0	22,887	22,887
Total current liabilities	59,907	34,383	94,290
Noncurrent liabilities			
Compensated absences	859	0	859
Advances from other funds	0	702,656	702,656
Net OPEB liability	24,926	0	24,926
Net pension liability	90,915	0	90,915
Total noncurrent liabilities	116,700	702,656	819,356
Total liabilities	176,607	737,039	913,646
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to other post	20,613	0	20,613
employment benefits	13,916	0	13,916
Total deferred inflows of resources	34,529	0	34,529
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	5,367 (5,367)	8,611,022 (111,416)	8,616,389 (116,783)
Total net position	\$ 0	\$ 8,499,606	\$ 8,499,606

CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

	Utility Service		Buildings	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for sales and services	\$ 842,44	<u> </u>	682,359	\$ 1,524,805
Total operating revenues	842,44	16	682,359	1,524,805
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Costs of sales and services Personal services Depreciation	296,99 540,85 4,60	54	599,099 0 83,260	896,091 540,854 87,860
Total operating expenses	842,44	16	682,359	1,524,805
Operating income (loss)		0	0	0
Capital contributions Intergovernmental		0	1,254,793	1,254,793
Net income (loss) before transfers		0	1,254,793	1,254,793
Transfers in (out) Transfers in		0	2,545,463	2,545,463
Change in net position		0	3,800,256	3,800,256
Net position, July 1		0	4,699,350	4,699,350
Net position, June 30	\$	0 \$	8,499,606	\$ 8,499,606

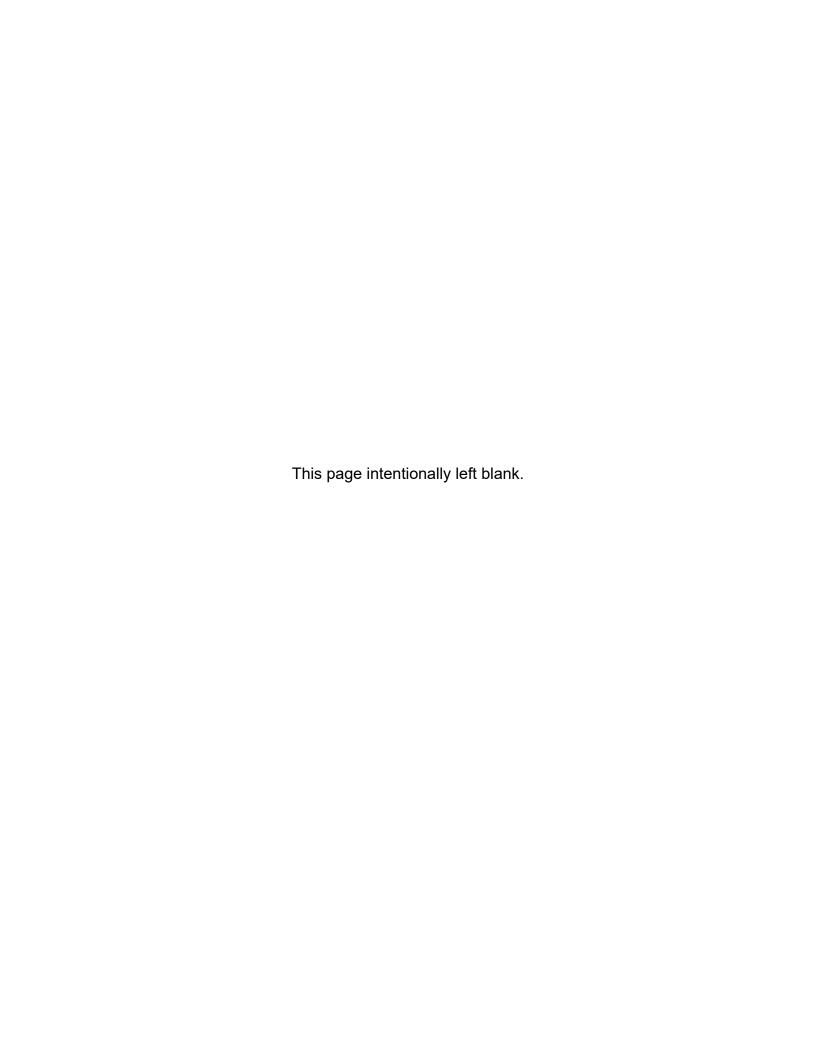
CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

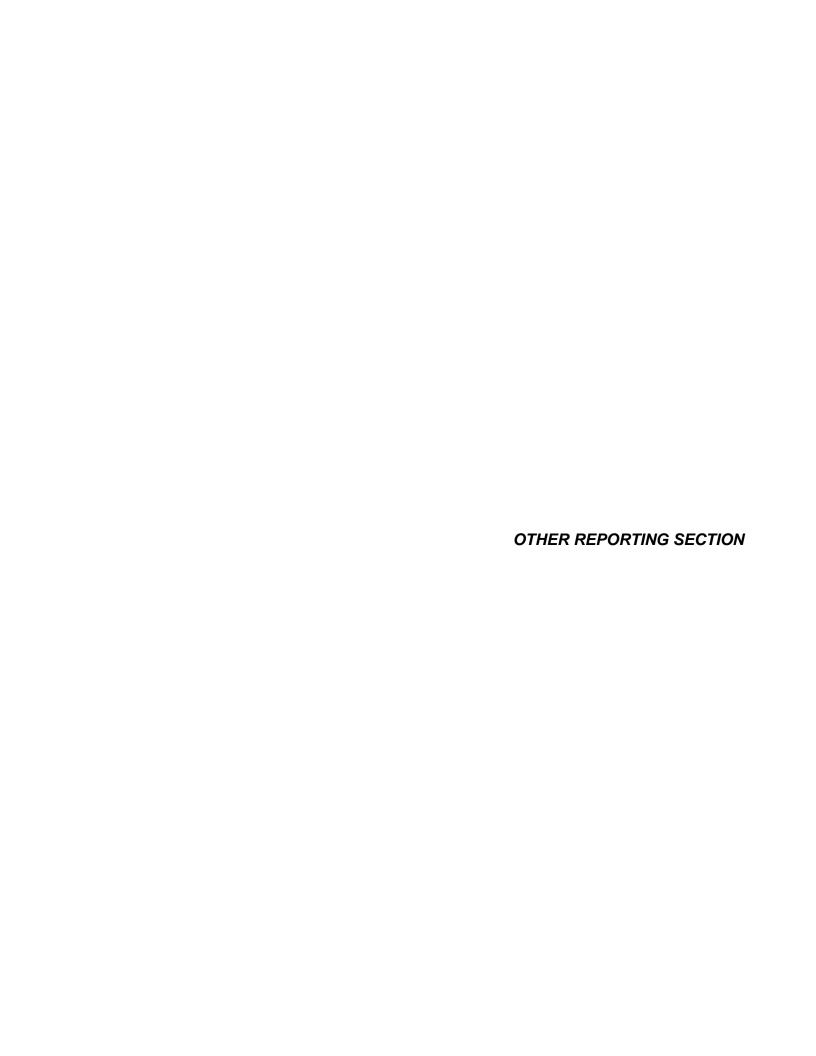
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

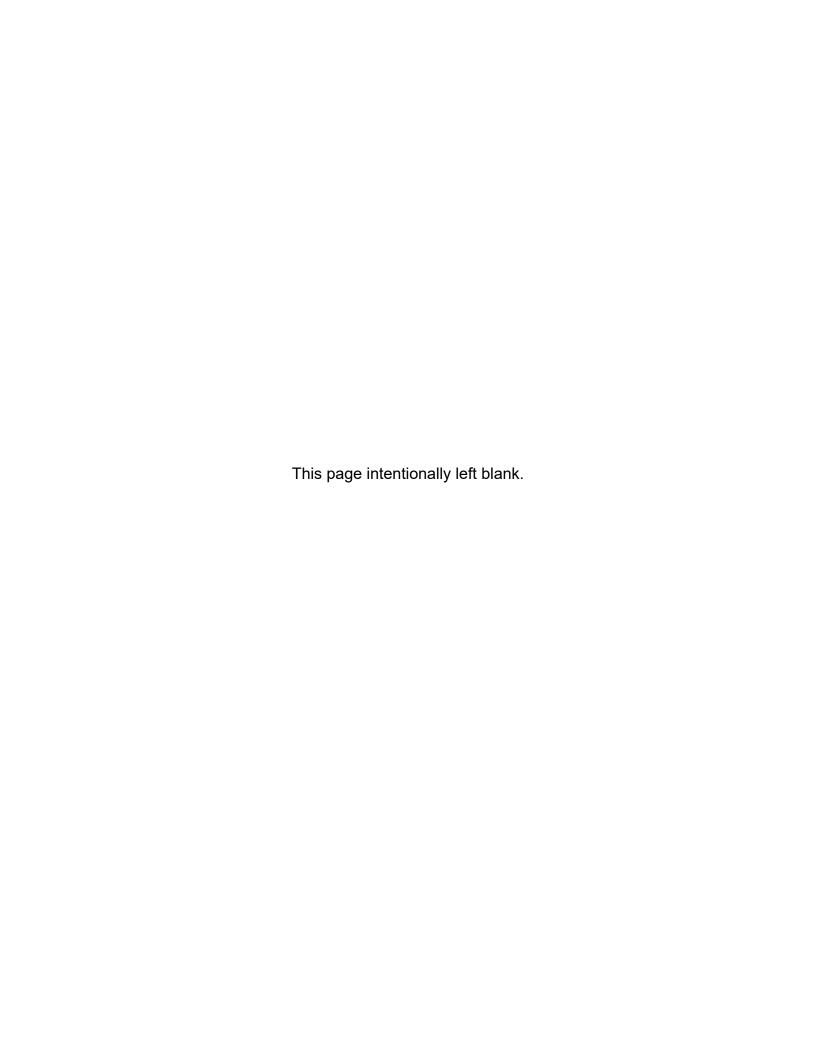
	Utility Service	Buildings	Total
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from interfund services provided Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 842,446 (292,448) (545,538)	\$ 682,359 (615,094) 0	\$ 1,524,805 (907,542) (545,538)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	4,460	67,265	71,725
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Payments to other funds	0	(22,886)	(22,886)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Receipts from other funds Acquisition of capital assets	0	2,545,463 (2,577,277)	2,545,463 (2,577,277)
Net cash provided (used) by capital financing activities:	0	(31,814)	(31,814)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	4,460	12,565	17,025
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	134,493	593,439	727,932
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$ 138,953	\$ 606,004	\$ 744,957
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation expense (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources (Increase) decrease in prepaid items Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources Total adjustments	4,600 (33,929) 0 4,544 (281) (686) 13,857 (1,158) 17,513	83,260 0 (6,167) (9,828) 0 0 0 0	87,860 (33,929) (6,167) (5,284) (281) (686) 13,857 (1,158) 17,513
•			
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 4,460	\$ 67,265	\$ 71,725

Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:

Acquisition of capital assets through accounts payable totaled \$13,452.









Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Winder, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Winder, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Winder, Georgia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2020

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Winder, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Winder's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Winder's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the following deficiency in internal control to be a significant deficiency:

2020-001

Condition: During audit procedures at the Golf Course, we noted a lack of segregation of duties. The same employee is performing the duties of processing cash receipts, recording cash receipts, voiding cash receipts, and taking the deposit to the bank. These duties should be performed by different employees when possible.

Criteria: Proper segregation of duties requires that the duties of taking receipts, recording receipts, voiding receipts, and depositing receipts be performed by different employees.

Effect: Failure to maintain adequate segregation of duties subjects the assets of the City to greater risk of misappropriation.

2020-001, continued

Cause: The duties of taking receipts, recording receipts, voiding receipts, and depositing receipts are being performed by the same employee.

Recommendation: To ensure that sufficient internal controls are in place, the City should properly segregate duties.

Management Response: Management has provided a copy of this finding to the Golf Course's Department Head. They concur with this finding. Action was taken immediately upon receipt of this comment from our auditors.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Winder, Georgia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Winder, Georgia's Responses to Findings

City of Winder, Georgia's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described above. City of Winder's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Winder, Georgia's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

Rushton & Company, LLC

Gainesville, Georgia December 14, 2020

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CITY OF WINDER, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS FINANCED WITH SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

						Ex	penditures)		
	 Estimat	ed (Cost *	Prior		Current				
Project	Original		Current		Years		Year		Total	
2012 SPLOST										
Local Street Projects	\$ 2,451,259	\$	2,451,259	\$	2,399,220	\$	129,129	\$	2,528,349	
Water and Sewer Infrastructure,										
Improvements, Facilities										
and Equipment	 4,357,793		4,357,793		2,115,830		392,452		2,508,282	
Total	\$ 6,809,052	\$	6,809,052	\$	4,515,050	\$	521,581	\$	5,036,631	

				Expenditures				
	Estimated Cost *			Prior		Current		
Project	Original	Current		Years	Year			Total
2018 SPLOST								
Roads/Sidewalks/Parking Areas/								
Stormwater Projects \$	5,004,274	\$ 5,004,2	74	\$ 580,954	\$	1,751,280	\$	2,332,234
Police Department Facilities								
and Equipment	1,501,282	1,501,2	82	95,900		192,446		288,346
Fire Department Facilities								
and Equipment	1,501,282	1,501,2	82	1,501,903		312,790		1,814,693
Recreation/Parks/Greenspace								
Projects	1,510,282	1,510,2	82	121,876		1,671,247		1,793,123
Administrative Facilities								
and Equipment	500,428	500,4	28	79,156		1,649,598		1,728,754
Total \$	10,017,548	\$ 10,017,5	48	\$ 2,379,789	\$	5,577,361	\$	7,957,150
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Current year expenditures					\$	5,577,361		
Fire Department Facilities and Equipm	ent expenditu	res financed t	hrou	gh				
other revenues, financing sources, a	nd transfers fr	om other fund	ls			609,366		
Principal paid on capital lease payable						570,582		
Total expenditures and transfers out of	f the SPLOST	2018 fund			\$	6,757,309		

^{*} Estimated cost represents the portion of these projects to be financed with Special Purpose Option Sales Tax. Actual costs that are in excess of these amounts have been financed through alternative funds.

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